

September 2026

Corporate Presentation



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This Presentation contains, and our officers and representatives may from time to time make, “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of applicable securities laws and are prospective in nature. Forward-looking statements are not based on historical facts, but rather on current expectations and projections about future events and are therefore subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from the future results expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. These statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as “will”, “may”, “should”, “could”, “intend”, “estimate”, “plan”, “anticipate”, “expect”, “believe”, “potential”, “continue”, “budget”, “scheduled”, “forecasts”, “intends”, “anticipates”, “projects” or the negative thereof or similar variations. Forward-looking statements in this Presentation include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the anticipated design, timing, progress and results of our investigational programs for DT120 oral disintegrating tablet (“ODT”), a proprietary, pharmaceutically optimized form of lysergide (including the anticipated topline readouts for the Ascend study and the anticipated initiation of the Haven study), DT402, also referred to as R(-)-MDMA, and any other product candidates; the timing of our pre-NDA meeting scheduled for the fourth quarter of 2026; our anticipated NDA filing in the first half of 2027; our ability to identify new indications for our lead product candidates beyond our current primary focuses; the success and timing of our development activities; the success and timing of our planned clinical trials; our ability to meet the milestones set forth herein; the likelihood of success of any clinical trials or of obtaining U.S. Food and Drug Administration (“FDA”) or other regulatory approvals; our beliefs regarding potential benefits of our product candidates; opinions of potential providers, patients and payors regarding our product candidates, if approved and commercialized; statements regarding potential reimbursement and coding for DT120 ODT, if approved and commercialized; our ability to maximize operational efficiencies through our trial designs; strategies to address drug class methodological considerations; our cash runway funding operations into 2030 based on our current operating plan and anticipated milestones; our pre-launch strategy; the potential commercial opportunity for DT120 ODT, if approved, including total addressable market and revenue opportunity; the potential delivery model for DT120 ODT, if approved; the potential for the markets that we are anticipating to access; protection of our intellectual property; and the potential for psychedelics as a class of treatment options in psychiatry.

There are numerous risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, plans and objectives to differ materially from those expressed in forward-looking statements, including history of negative cash flows, limited operating history, incurrence of future losses, availability of additional capital, compliance with laws and regulations, difficulty associated with research and development, risks associated with clinical trials or studies, heightened regulatory scrutiny, early stage product development, clinical trial risks, regulatory approval processes, novelty of the psychedelic inspired medicines industry, our ability to maintain effective patent rights and other intellectual property protection for our product candidates, our expectations regarding the size of the eligible patient populations for our lead product candidates, if approved and commercialized; our ability to identify third-party treatment sites to conduct our trials and our ability to identify and train appropriate qualified healthcare practitioners to administer our treatments; the pricing, coverage and reimbursement of our lead product candidates, if approved and commercialized; the rate and degree of market acceptance and clinical utility of our lead product candidates, in particular, and controlled substances, in general; as well as those risk factors described in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, the Company’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2026, and the Company’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2026, under headings such as “Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements,” and “Risk Factors” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and other filings and furnishings made by the Company with the securities regulatory authorities in all provinces and territories of Canada which are available under the Company’s profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and with the SEC on EDGAR at www.sec.gov.

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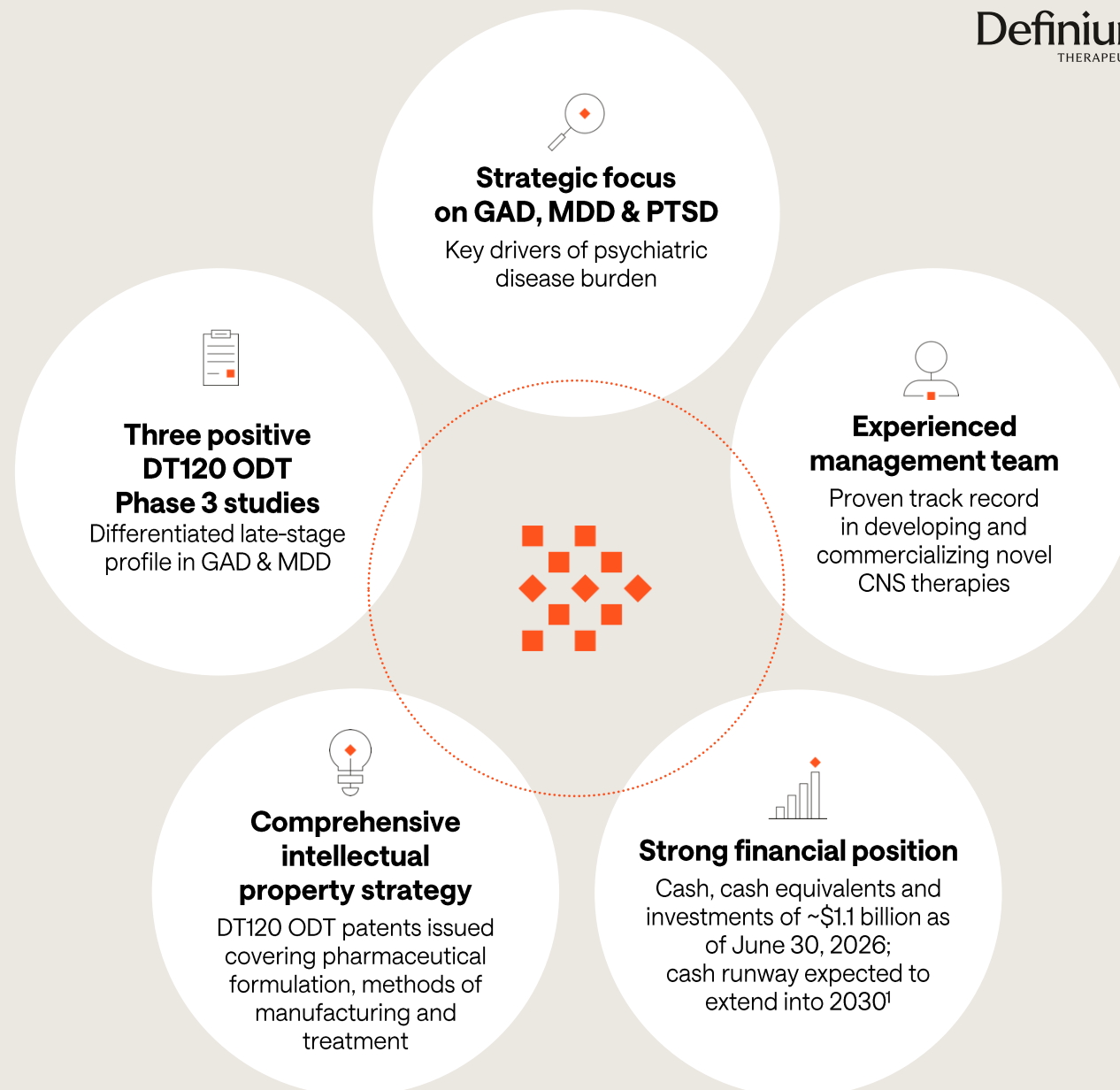
Cautionary Note Regarding Regulatory Matters

The United States federal government regulates drugs through the Controlled Substances Act. DT120 ODT is a proprietary, pharmaceutically optimized form of lysergide and DT402, or R(-)-MDMA, is our proprietary form of the R-enantiomer of MDMA (3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine). Lysergide and MDMA are Schedule I substances under the Controlled Substances Act. While the Company is focused on programs using psychedelic or hallucinogenic compounds and non-hallucinogenic derivatives of these compounds, including in DT120 ODT, DT402 and its other product candidates, the Company does not have any direct or indirect involvement with the illegal selling, production or distribution of any substances in the jurisdictions in which it operates. The Company is a neuro-pharmaceutical drug development company and does not deal with psychedelic or hallucinogenic substances except within laboratory and clinical trial settings conducted within approved regulatory frameworks. The Company’s products will not be commercialized prior to applicable regulatory approval, which will only be granted if clinical evidence of safety and efficacy for the intended uses is successfully developed.

Market and Industry Data

This Presentation includes market and industry data that has been obtained from third party sources, including industry publications. Definium believes that the industry data is accurate and that the estimates and assumptions are reasonable, but there is no assurance as to the accuracy or completeness of this data. Third party sources generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but there is no assurance as to the accuracy or completeness of included information. Although the data is believed to be reliable, Definium has not independently verified any of the data from third party sources referred to in this Presentation or ascertained the underlying economic assumptions relied upon by such sources. References in this Presentation to research reports or to articles and publications should not be construed as depicting the complete findings of the entire referenced report or article. Definium does not make any representation as to the accuracy of such information.

Precise science. Boundless impact.



1. Based on the Company's current operating plan and anticipated milestones.

Advancing Our Pipeline with Broad Therapeutic Potential

PRODUCT CANDIDATE	INDICATION	PRECLINICAL	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PIVOTAL / PHASE 3	REGISTRATION
Lysergide DT120 ODT¹	Generalized Anxiety Disorder (GAD) ³					
	Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) ³					
	Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) ⁴					
	Additional Indication(s) ⁴					
R(-)-MDMA DT402²	Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) ³					

1. Formerly known as MM120; rINN: lysergide.

2. Formerly known as MM402.

3. Full trial details and clinicaltrials.gov links available at definiumtx.com/clinical-digital-trials/

4. Studies in exploration and/or planning stage.

01

Program Overview

DT120 ODT

lysergide



DT120 ODT Target Product Profile to Address Significant Unmet Need

1

Dose¹

5-8

Hours in
the Clinic²

12+

Weeks of
Durability¹

50M

US Adults with
GAD & MDD³

1. Single dose regimen is being studied in pivotal clinical trials with primary and secondary outcome measures through 12 weeks after administration. Phase 3 studies include 40 week extension phase to characterize durability of response beyond 12 weeks in participants up until the time of discontinuation or the administration of open-label DT120.

2. Required monitoring period for all participants in pivotal studies is 8 hours and requires that participants clear the End of Session Checklist.

3. Ringeisen, H., et al. (2023). Mental and Substance Use Disorders Prevalence Study (MDPS): Findings Report. Zhou, Y., et al. (2017). Nature. Comorbid generalized anxiety disorder and its association with quality of life in patients with major depressive disorder. RTI International and current U.S. Census data and internal company estimates.

GAD: generalized anxiety disorder; MDD: major depressive disorder

Robust Phase 3 DT120 ODT Development Program Aiming for Broad Label

Generalized Anxiety Disorder (GAD)



n=214
1:1 randomization

DT120 ODT
vs. Placebo

- **Part A:** 12-week DB, RCT
- **Part B:** 40-week Extension with OL Treatment

**Met All Primary & Key
Secondaries²**

n=245
2:1:2 randomization

DT120 ODT
vs. Placebo
including 50 µg control

- **Part A:** 12-week DB, RCT
- **Part B:** 40-week Extension with OL Treatment

**Met All Primary & Key
Secondaries²**

Major Depressive Disorder (MDD)



n=149
1:1 randomization

DT120 ODT
vs. Placebo

- **Part A:** 12-week DB, RCT
- **Part B:** 40-week Extension with OL Treatment

**Met All Primary & Key
Secondaries²**

Target n=165¹
2:1:2 randomization

DT120 ODT
vs. Placebo
including 50 µg control

- **Part A:** 12-week DB, RCT
- **Part B:** 40-week Extension with OL Treatment

Anticipated Topline Readout
2027

Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)



Target n=200¹
1:1 randomization

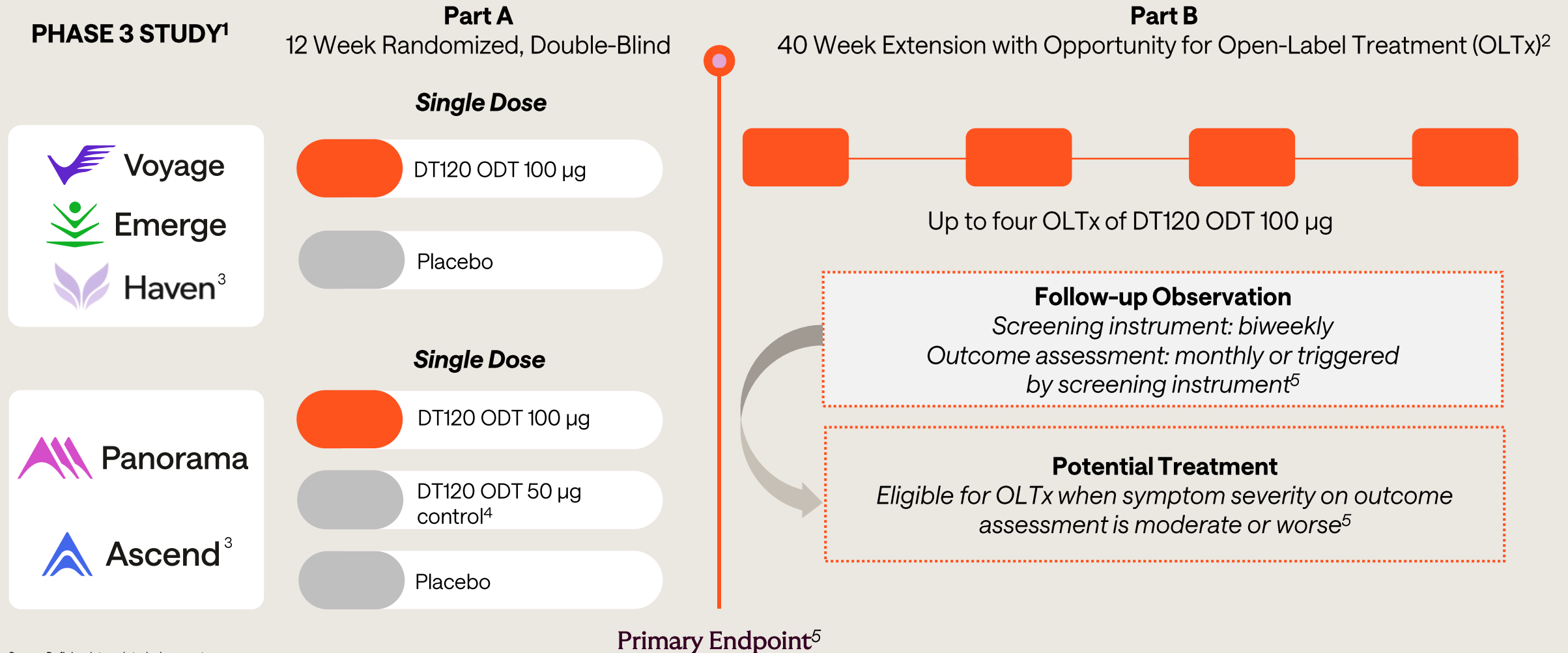
DT120 ODT
vs. Placebo

- **Part A:** 12-week DB, RCT
- **Part B:** 40-week Extension with OL Treatment

Anticipated Study Initiation
2027

1. Clinical study designs subject to change based on ongoing regulatory discussion and review, including of Phase 3 clinical trial protocols
2. Includes the primary endpoint and all hierarchically controlled key secondary endpoints.

Multiple Programs with Shared Development Strategy



1. Source: Definium internal study documents.

2. Parameters for treatment in the open label portion of Haven are still being determined.

3. Clinical study design subject to change based on ongoing regulatory discussion and review, including of Phase 3 clinical trial protocols.

4. Panorama included a DT120 ODT 50 µg control arm (n=52) that was not designed or powered for statistical comparisons.

5. Screening instrument used in respective studies is PHQ-9 for MDD, GAD-7 for GAD and PCL-5 for PTSD. Screening instrument cutoffs to trigger outcome assessment are PHQ-9 ≥ 10 for MDD, GAD-7 ≥ 10 for GAD and PCL-5 ≥ 30 for PTSD. Outcome assessment used in respective studies is HAM-A for GAD, MADRS for MDD and CAPS-5 for PTSD. Moderate or worse symptoms defined as HAM-A ≥ 16, MADRS ≥ 20 or CAPS-5 ≥ 23.

6. Primary endpoint in respective studies is MADRS at week 6 for MDD, HAM-A at week 12 for GAD and CAPS-5 at week 8 for PTSD.

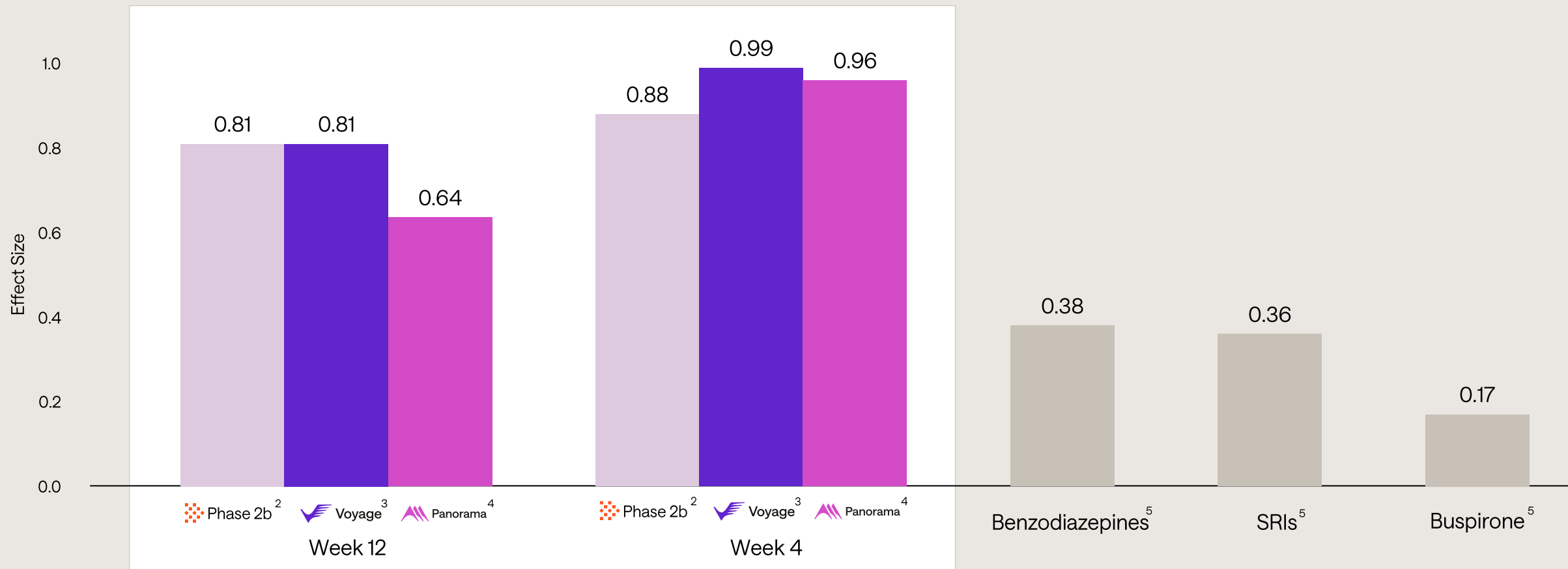
Compelling Evidence Across Four Late-Stage Trials with Complementary Designs¹

	Generalized Anxiety Disorder (GAD)			Major Depressive Disorder (MDD)
	 Phase 2b Study MMED008	 Voyage	 Panorama	 Emerge
Design	5 arms	2 arms	3 arms	2 arms
Baseline HAM-A	30.2	27.9	28.0	17.1
Baseline MADRS	27.2	13.5	13.4	34.5
Pooled endpoint SD	11.1	7.2	8.4	10.4
Primary endpoint ² DT120 100 µg vs. placebo	-7.7 p<0.01 HAM-A at Week 12	-5.4 p<0.0001 HAM-A at Week 12	-5.1 p<0.0001 HAM-A at Week 12	-8.1 p<0.0001 MADRS at Week 6

Robust data package aligned with FDA guidance supports advancement of NDA submission for DT120 ODT

1. The information presented in this slide is derived from multiple clinical trials, each conducted under distinct protocols and settings. As such, these data may not be directly comparable due to the lack of a head-to-head comparison.
2. Primary endpoint in Voyage and Panorama is the change from baseline in HAM-A total score at Week 12; in Study MMED008 the primary endpoint was change from baseline in HAM-A total score at week 4. Primary endpoint in Emerge was the change from baseline in MADRS score at Week 6.

DT120's Efficacy Stands Out Against Approved GAD Treatments¹

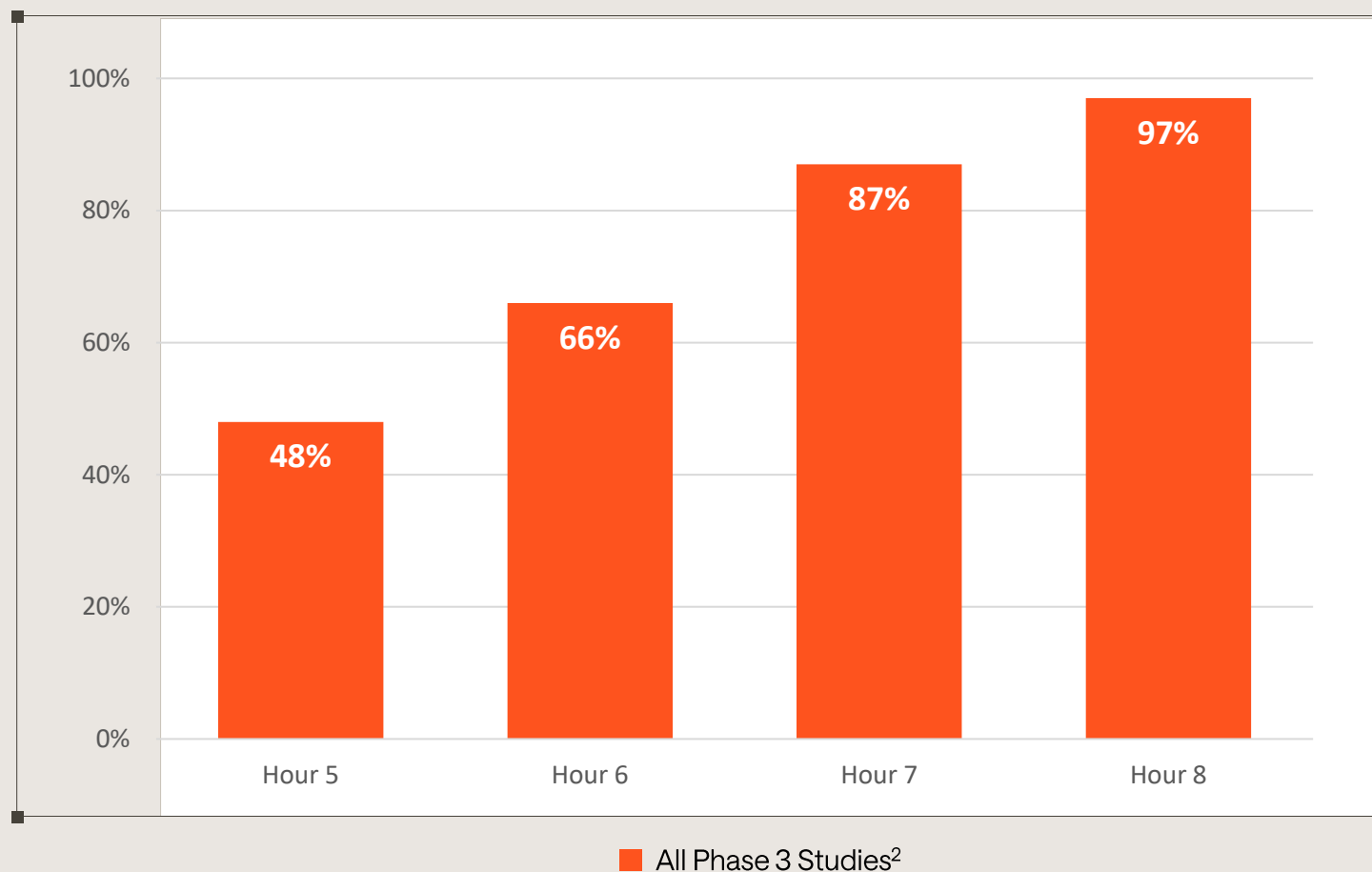


DT120 effect size consistently larger than GAD standard of care

1) The information presented in this slide is derived from multiple clinical trials, each conducted under distinct protocols and settings. As such, these data may not be directly comparable due to the lack of a head-to-head comparison. Differences in trial design, patient demographics, and other variables may account for variations in the observed outcomes. Study results for each drug are intended to be representative, however, multiple trials of the approved treatments have been conducted with varying results, including results that may have demonstrated a larger or smaller treatment effect than those presented. Buspirone and benzodiazepines are approved for anxiety disorders which include GAD; 2) R Robison, JAMA. 2025 Sep 4; e2513481. doi:10.1001/jama.2025.13481; 3) Source: Voyage study documents; 4) Source: Panorama study documents; 5) RB Hidalgo, J Psychopharmacol. 2007 Nov;21(8):864-72

1,000+ DT120 ODT Dosing Sessions Demonstrated a Scalable Path to Clinical Practice¹

Time to End of Session Checklist (EoSC) Clearance



Highlights

- Consistent average time to clearance of EoSC of ~6 hours across studies¹
- Two thirds of participants clear EoSC at hour 6¹
- 97% of participants (n=1,061²) clear EoSC by hour 8
- Emerging evidence of predictable 5-8 hour sessions

1. Source: Respective study documents. Safety population in study part A (100 µg). Time at which participant first meets End of Session Checklist criteria.

2. Based on Interim analysis of EoSC as of September 10, 2026 from all dosing sessions in Emerge, Voyage and Panorama.

DT120 ODT 100 µg Has Demonstrated a Favorable and Consistent Tolerability Profile Across Pivotal Readouts¹

Favorable tolerability profile

- AE profile consistent with prior studies and known pharmacology
- Most adverse events (AEs) mild-to-moderate in severity
- Most treatment emergent AEs (TEAEs) occurred and resolved on dosing day
- No drug related serious adverse events (SAEs)²

No suicidal behavior or suicidality signal³

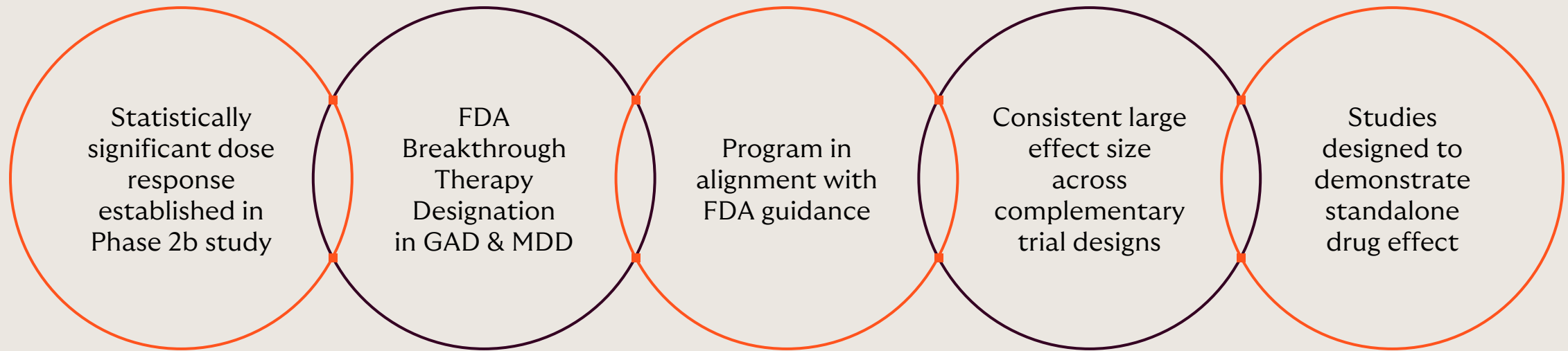
- No suicidal or self-injurious behavior
- No indication of increased suicide-related risk

1. Source: Voyage, Panorama and Emerge study documents. Safety population in study part A (through week 12).

2. As of September 14, 2026, a total of 14 participants reported a treatment emergent serious adverse event across all studies of DT120, including 1 SAE deemed treatment-related in Part B of Voyage, resulting in an SAE rate of approximately 1.45% across studies and populations. Part B safety data are expected to be shared in a future presentation.

3. Participant suicidality assessment based on changes in C-SSRS.

DT120 ODT Program Oriented to Support NDA Strategy¹ and Beyond



1. Regulatory filing strategy for GAD & MDD to be discussed at pre-NDA meeting.

02

Positive Panorama Phase 3 Topline Data

DT120 ODT
lysergide



Panorama Results Demonstrate Potential Best-in-Class Efficacy in Generalized Anxiety Disorder¹

Rapid, robust and durable efficacy after single dose

- All primary and key secondary endpoints highly statistically significant
- 5.1 point HAM-A improvement over placebo at week 12 primary endpoint ($p < 0.0001$)
- 5.3 point HAM-A improvement over placebo at week 1 ($p < 0.0001$)
- 0.8 point CGI-S improvement over placebo at day 2 ($p < 0.0001$)
- Results consistent with Phase 2 dose-response data

Limited side effect burden

- DT120 ODT 100 µg was generally well tolerated with no new safety signals identified
- No suicidality signal or suicidal behavior

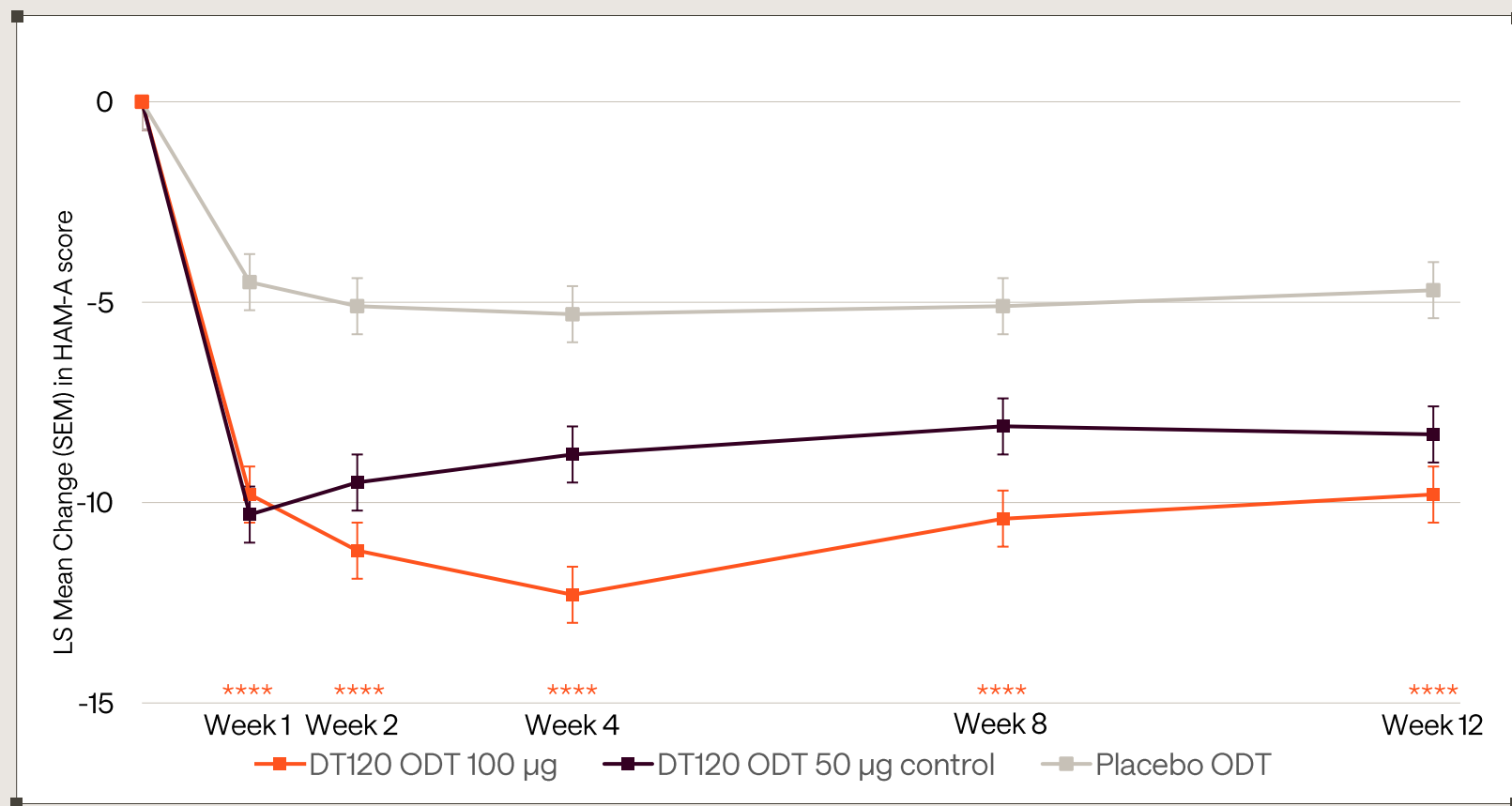
Efficient session dynamics

- 6.2 hour average time to clear End of Session Checklist (EoSC)
- 94% participants cleared EoSC by 8 hours

1. Source: Panorama study documents. Safety population in study part A (through week 12)

Panorama - DT120 ODT 100 µg Showed Statistically & Clinically Significant HAM-A Improvements at All Timepoints^{1,2}

Primary Endpoint: HAM-A Change from Baseline to Week 12



Highlights

Change from Baseline²

	100 µg	50 µg
Week 1:	-9.8	-10.3
Week 4:	-12.3	-8.8
Week 8:	-10.4	-8.1
Week 12:	-9.8	-8.3

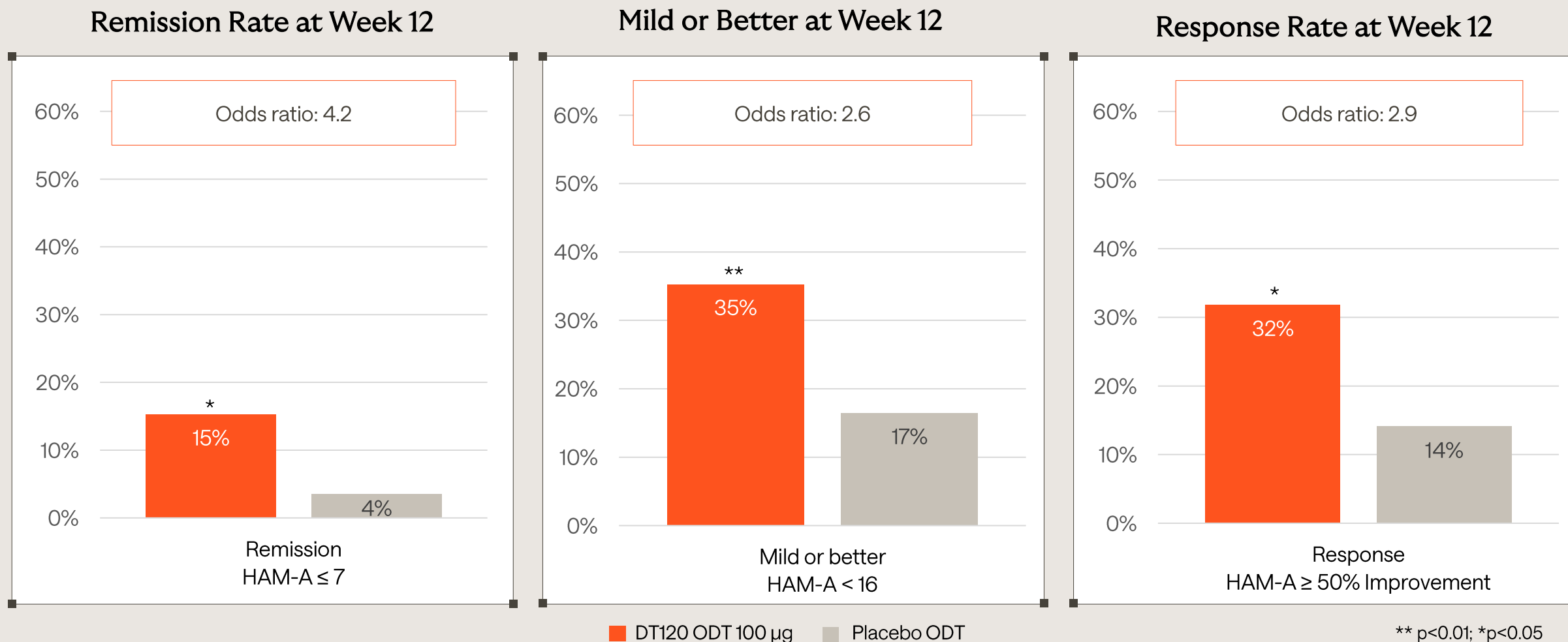
Improvement over Placebo²

	100 µg	50 µg
Week 1:	-5.3	-5.8
Week 4:	-7.0	-3.5
Week 8:	-5.3	-3.0
Week 12:	-5.1	-3.6

1. Source: Panorama study documents. ITT population. Panorama included a DT120 ODT 50 µg control arm (n=52) that was not designed or powered for statistical comparisons.

2. Primary endpoint of the study was change in HAM-A at week 12 between 100 µg and placebo using a Mixed-Effects Model Repeated Measures (MMRM) statistical analysis with reference-based imputation.

Panorama - DT120 ODT 100 µg Effects Supported by Robust, Clinically Significant Response and Remission Rates¹

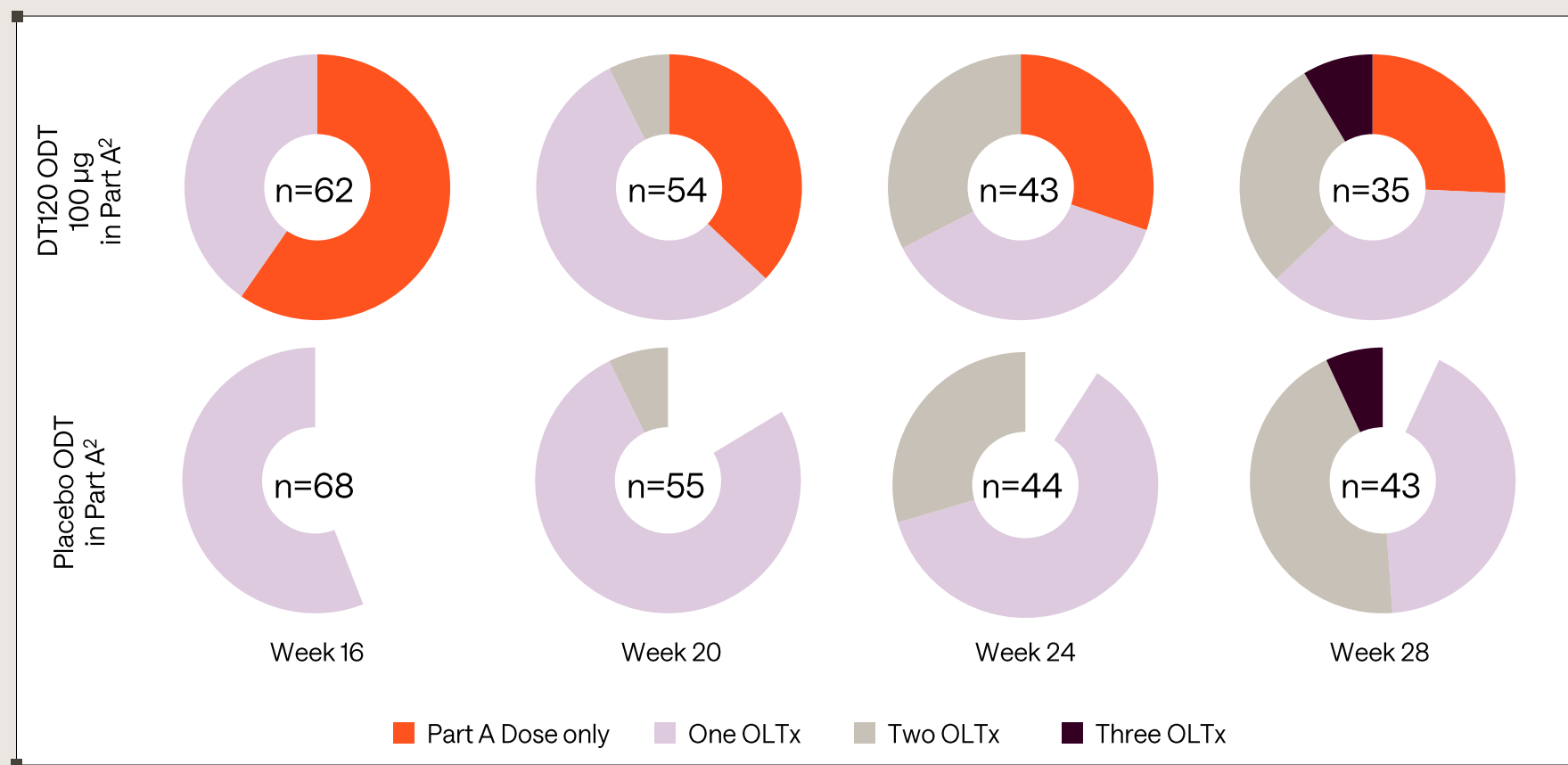


1. Source: Panorama study documents. ITT population. Pre-planned secondary endpoints.

HAM-A: Hamilton Anxiety Rating Scale; ODT: orally disintegrating tablet

Panorama - Treatment Patterns in Part B Provide Early Insights into Paradigm beyond 12 Weeks¹

Summary of Cumulative DT120 ODT Doses through Week 28

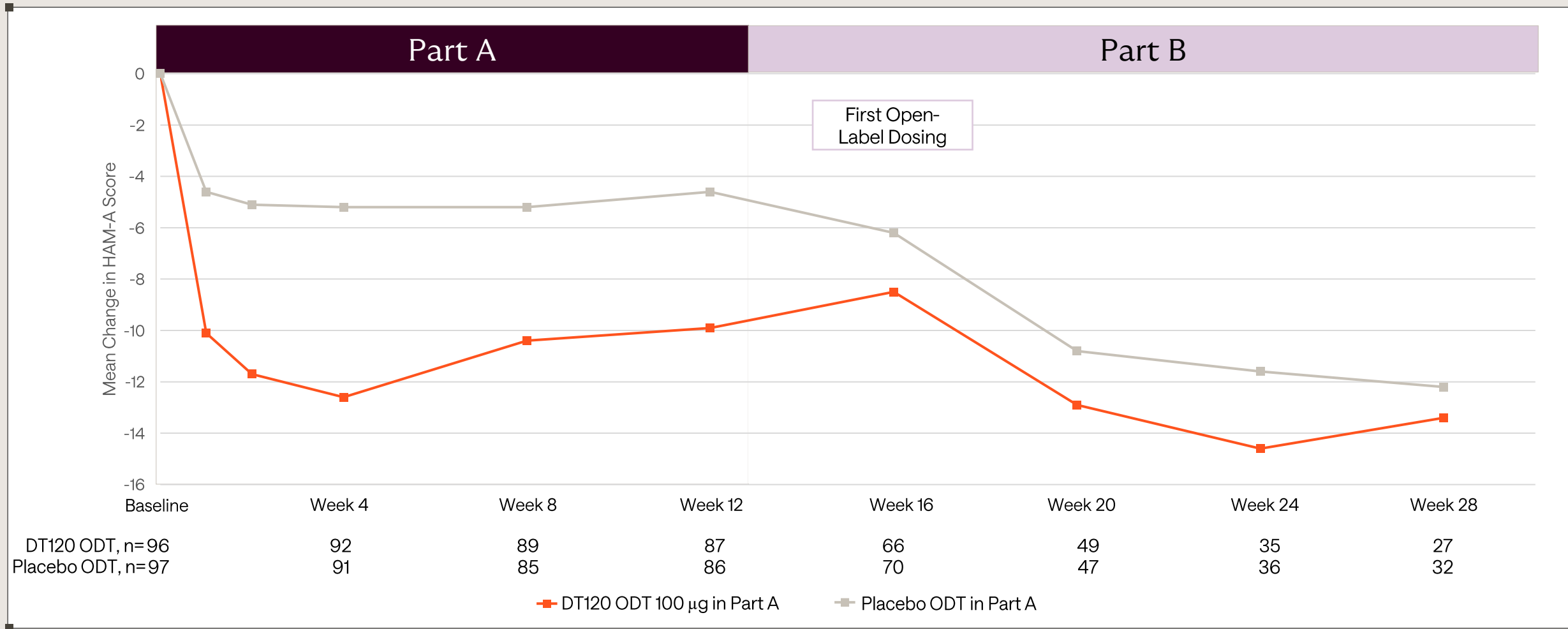


1. Based on interim analysis as of August 11, 2026. Extension population. Interim analysis based on partial data and subject to change. 50 µg cohort not included due to small n.

2. n is the number of participants in the Extension population who had the specified number of doses up to the corresponding visit.

Panorama - HAM-A Scores Improved Further with Additional Treatments in Part B

HAM-A Scores through Week 28^{1,2}



1. Based on interim analysis as of August 11, 2026. ITT Part A+B population with treatment policy strategy. Interim analysis based on partial data and subject to change. 50 µg cohort not included due to small n.
2. n is the number of participants in the ITT Part A+B population with non-missing HAM-A score at Baseline and the respective visit.

03

Positive Voyage Phase 3 Topline Data

DT120 ODT
lysergide



Voyage Results Demonstrate Potential Best-in-Class Efficacy in Generalized Anxiety Disorder¹

Rapid, robust and durable efficacy after single dose

- All primary and key secondary endpoints highly statistically significant
- 5.4 point HAM-A improvement over placebo at week 12 primary endpoint ($p < 0.0001$)
- 7.7 point HAM-A improvement over placebo at week 1 ($p < 0.0001$)
- 0.8 point CGI-S improvement over placebo at day 2 ($p < 0.0001$)

Limited side effect burden

- DT120 ODT 100 µg generally well tolerated and no new safety signals were identified²
- No suicidality signal observed or suicidal behavior

Efficient session dynamics

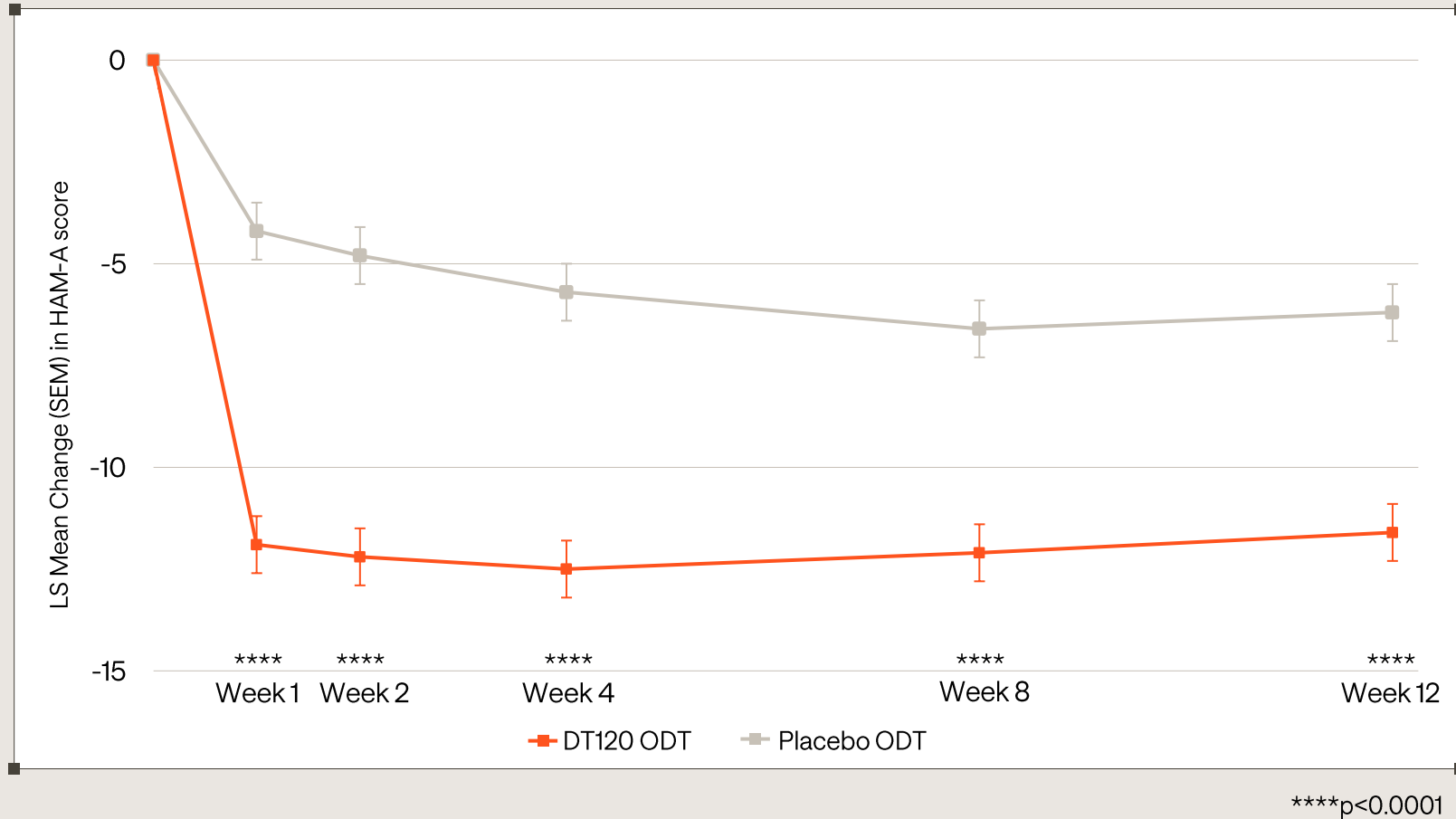
- 6.4 hour average time to clear End of Session Checklist (EoSC)
- 92% participants cleared EoSC by 8 hours

1. Source: Voyage study documents. Safety population in study part A (through week 12)

2. At the time of the analysis, a total of 13 participants reported a treatment emergent serious adverse event across all studies of DT120, including 1 SAE deemed treatment-emergent in Part B of Voyage, resulting in an SAE rate of approximately 1.7% across studies and populations. Part B safety data are expected to be shared in a future presentation.

Voyage - DT120 ODT 100 µg Showed Statistically & Clinically Significant HAM-A Improvements at All Timepoints^{1,2}

Primary Endpoint: HAM-A Change from Baseline to Week 12



Highlights

Change from Baseline²

- Week 1: -11.9 points
- Week 4: -12.5 points
- Week 8: -12.1 points
- Week 12: -11.6 points

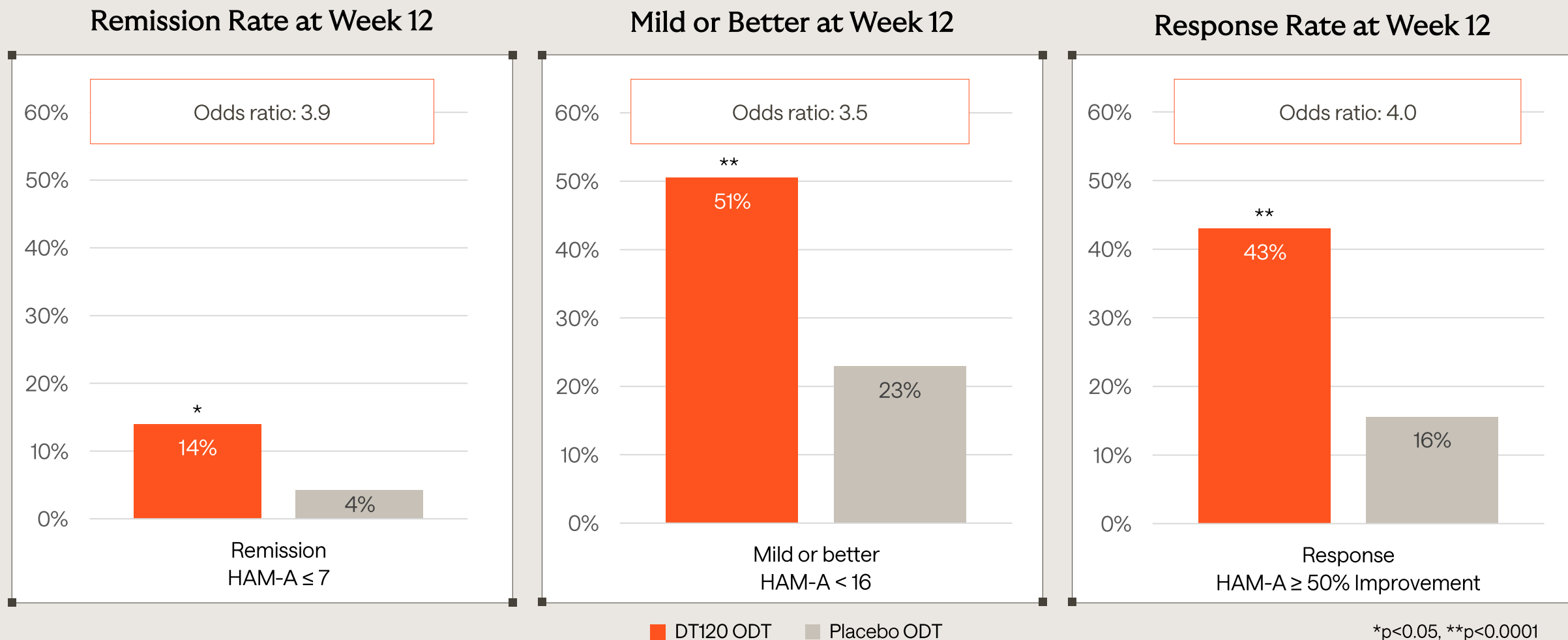
Improvement over Placebo²

- Week 1: -7.7 points
- Week 4: -6.8 points
- Week 8: -5.5 points
- Week 12: -5.4 points

1. Source: Voyage study documents. ITT population.

2. Primary endpoint of the study was change in HAM-A at week 12 using a Mixed-Effects Model Repeated Measures (MMRM) statistical analysis with reference-based imputation.

Voyage - DT120 ODT 100 µg Effects Supported by Robust, Clinically Significant Response and Remission Rates¹

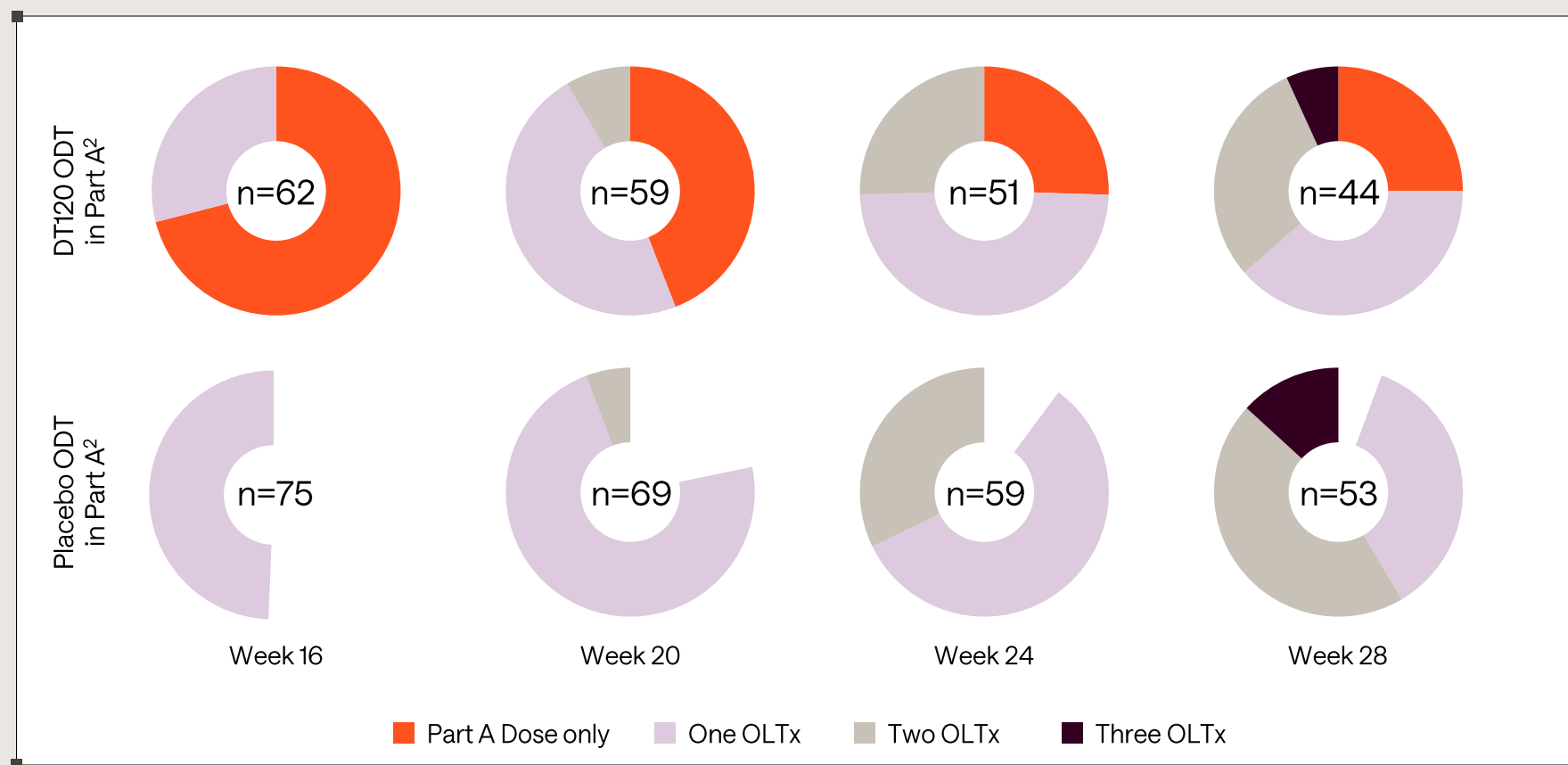


1. Source: Voyage study documents. ITT population. Pre-planned secondary endpoints.

HAM-A: Hamilton Anxiety Rating Scale; ODT: orally disintegrating tablet

Voyage - Treatment Patterns in Part B Provide Early Insights into Paradigm beyond 12 Weeks¹

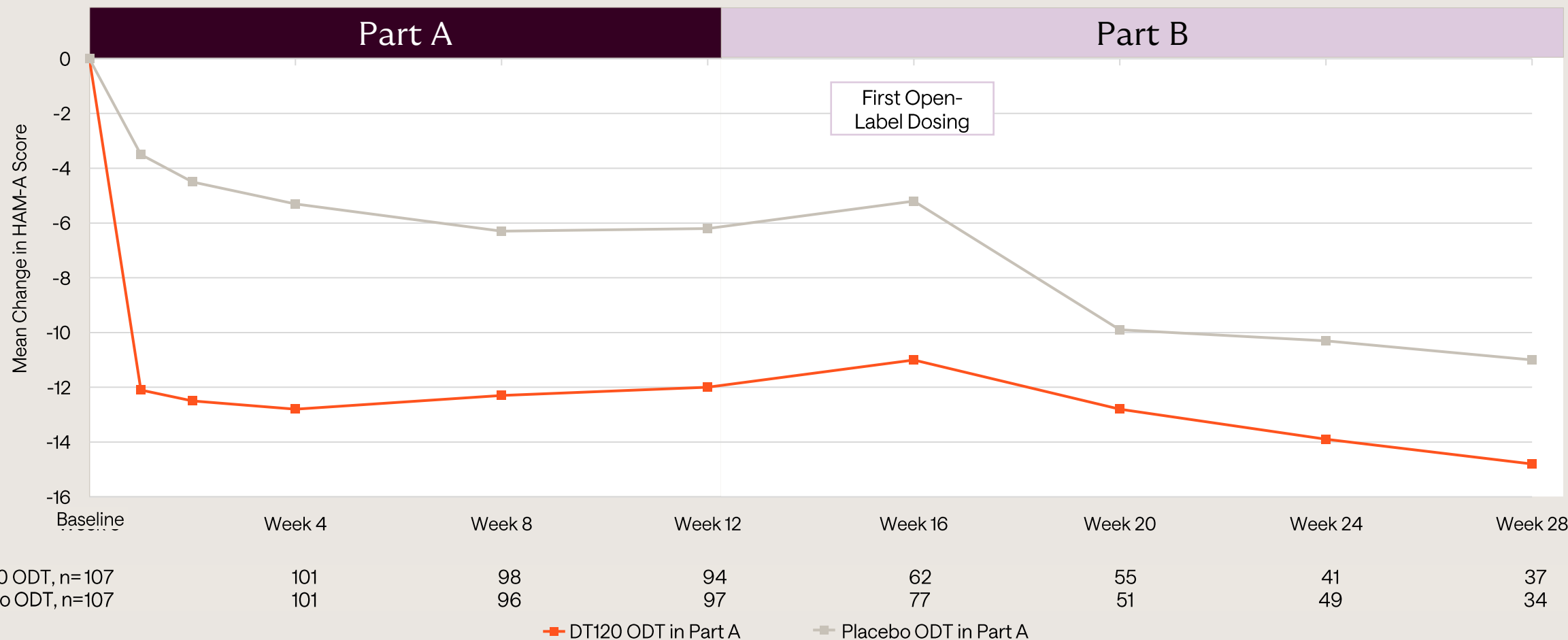
Summary of Cumulative DT120 ODT Doses through Week 28



1. Based on interim analysis as of July 15, 2026. Extension population. Interim analysis based on partial data and subject to change.
 2. n is the number of participants in the Extension population who had the specified number of doses up to the corresponding visit.

Voyage - HAM-A Scores Improve Further with Additional Treatments in Part B

HAM-A Scores through Week 28^{1,2}



1. Based on interim analysis as of July 15, 2026. ITT Part A+B population with treatment policy strategy. Interim analysis based on partial data and subject to change.
 2. n is the number of participants in the ITT Part A+B population with non-missing HAM-A score at Baseline and the respective visit.

04

Positive Emerge Phase 3 Topline Data

DT120 ODT
lysergide



Emerge Results Demonstrate Potential Best-in-Class Efficacy in Major Depressive Disorder

Rapid, robust and durable efficacy after single dose

- All primary and key secondary endpoints highly statistically significant
- 8.1 point MADRS improvement over placebo at week 6 primary endpoint ($p < 0.0001$)
- 7.3 point MADRS improvement over placebo at week 12 ($p < 0.0001$)
- 0.9 point CGI-S improvement over placebo at day 2 ($p < 0.0001$)

Limited side effect burden

- DT120 ODT 100 µg generally well tolerated
- No SAEs¹ or suicidality signal

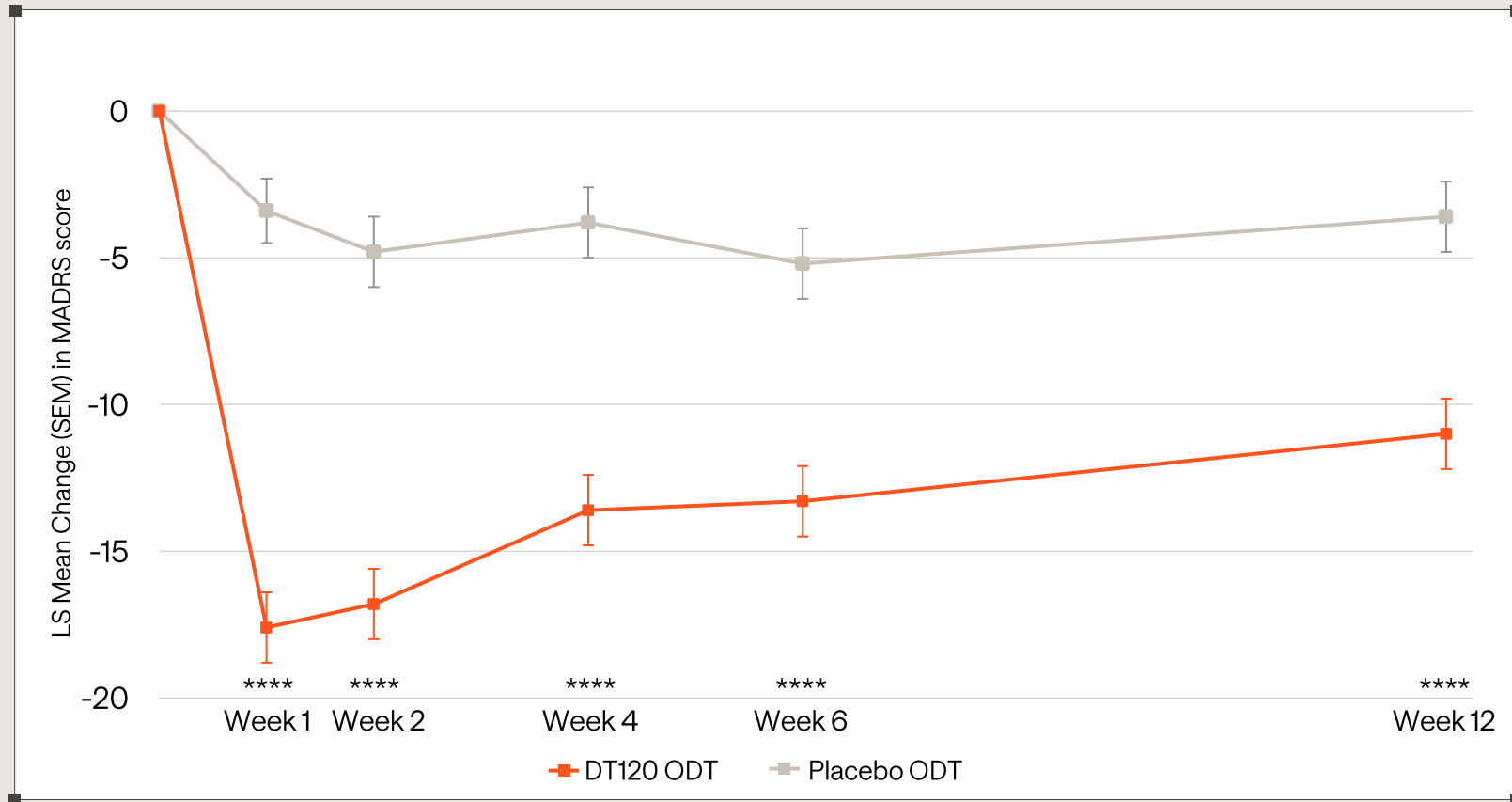
Efficient session dynamics

- 5.8 hour average time to clear End of Session Checklist (EoSC)
- All participants cleared EoSC by 8 hours

1. No serious adverse events have been observed in the EmERGE study at the time of the data analysis.

Emerge - DT120 ODT 100 µg Showed Statistically & Clinically Significant Improvements on MADRS at All Timepoints^{1,2}

Primary Endpoint: MADRS Change from Baseline to Week 6



****p<0.0001

Highlights

Change from Baseline²

- Week 1: -17.6 points
- Week 4: -13.6 points
- Week 6: -13.3 points
- Week 12: -11.0 points

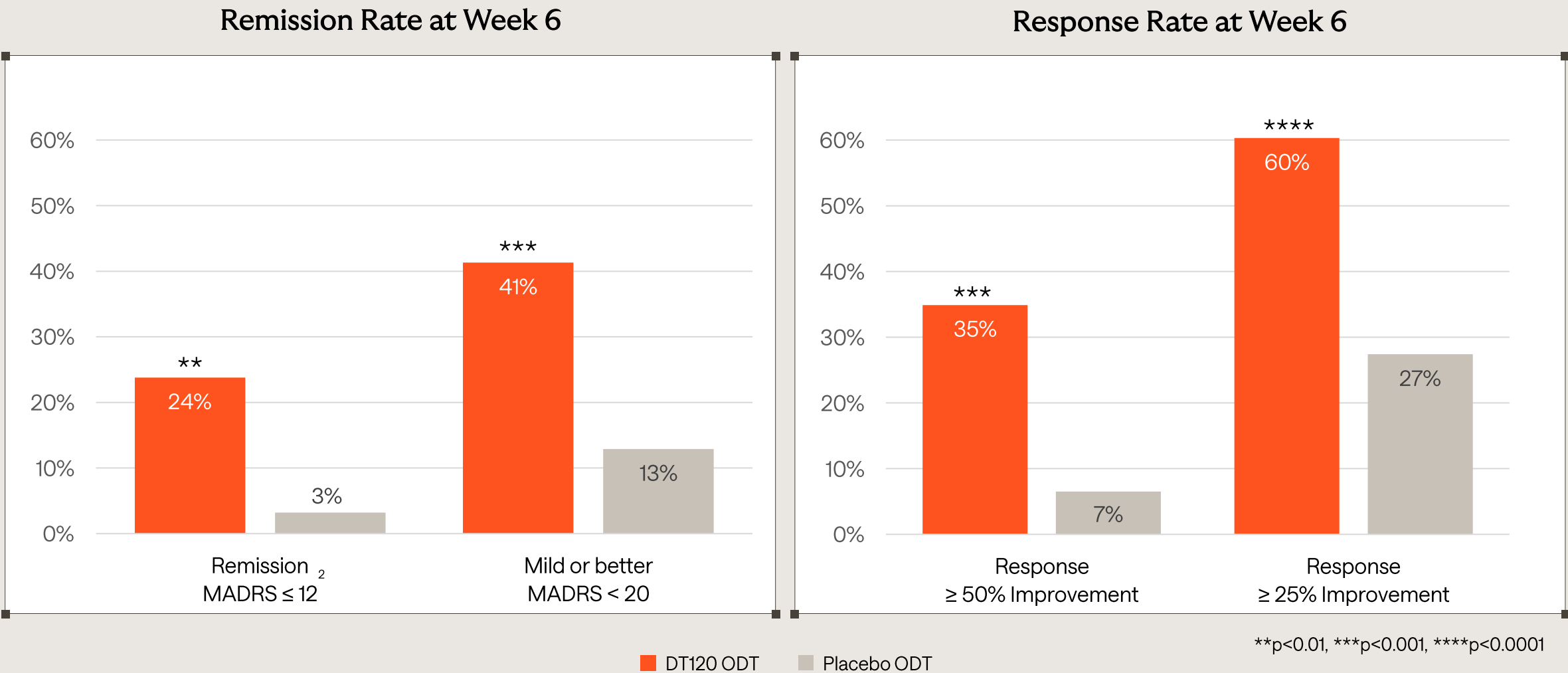
Improvement over Placebo²

- Week 1: -14.2 points
- Week 4: -9.8 points
- Week 6: -8.1 points
- Week 12: -7.3 points

1. Source: Emerge study documents. ITT population.

2. Primary endpoint of the study was change in MADRS at week 6 using a Mixed-Effects Model Repeated Measures (MMRM) statistical analysis with reference-based imputation.

Emerge - DT120 ODT 100 µg Effects Supported by Robust, Statistically Significant Response and Remission Rates¹

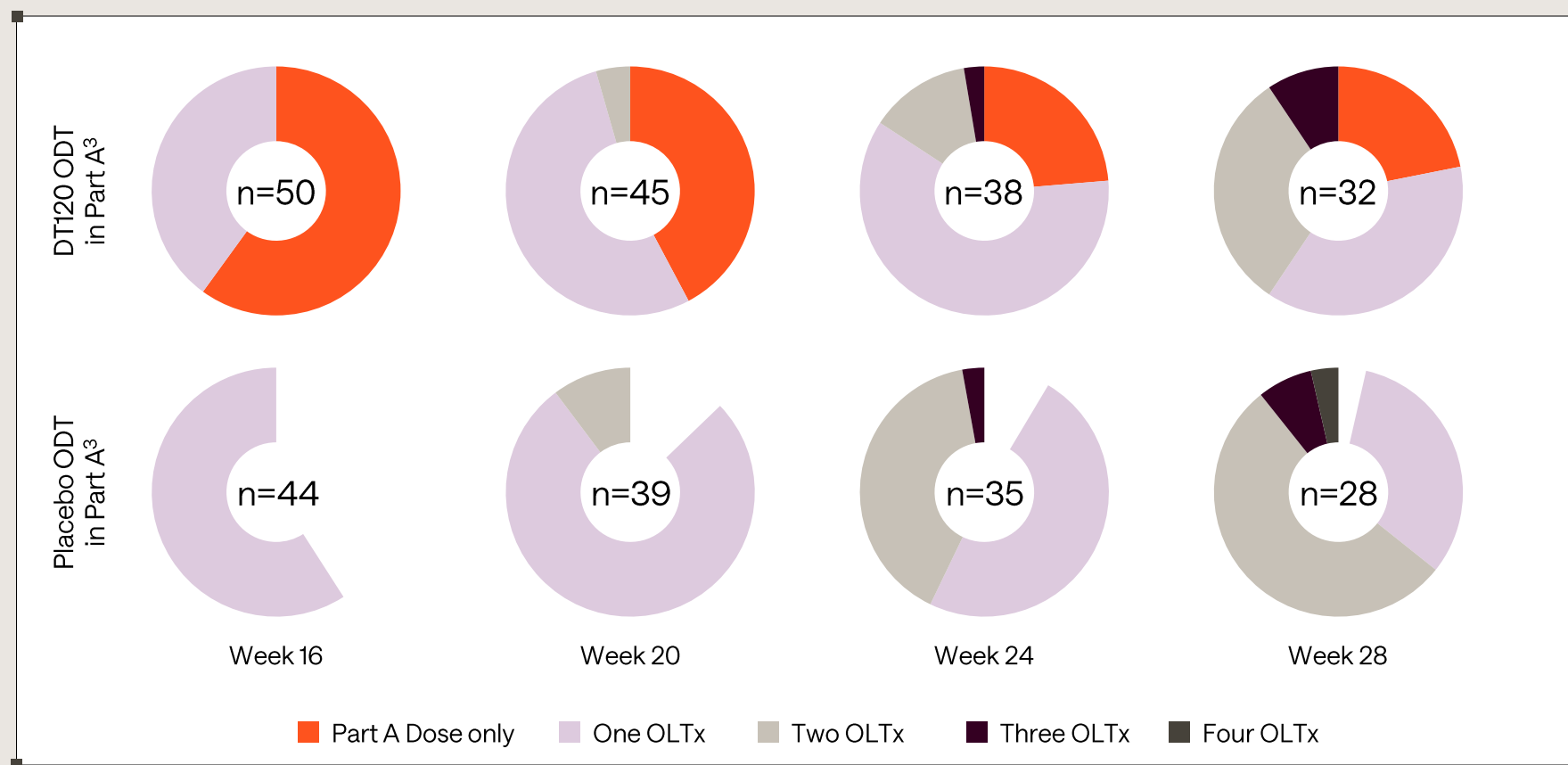


1. Source: Emerge study documents. ITT population. Pre-planned secondary endpoint.
2. Remission rates using a cutoff of MADRS ≤ 10 was 24% for DT120 ODT compared to 3% for placebo ODT.

MADRS: Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale; ODT: orally disintegrating tablet

Emerge - Treatment Patterns in Part B Provide Early Insights into Paradigm beyond 12 Weeks^{1,2}

Summary of Cumulative DT120 ODT Doses through Week 28



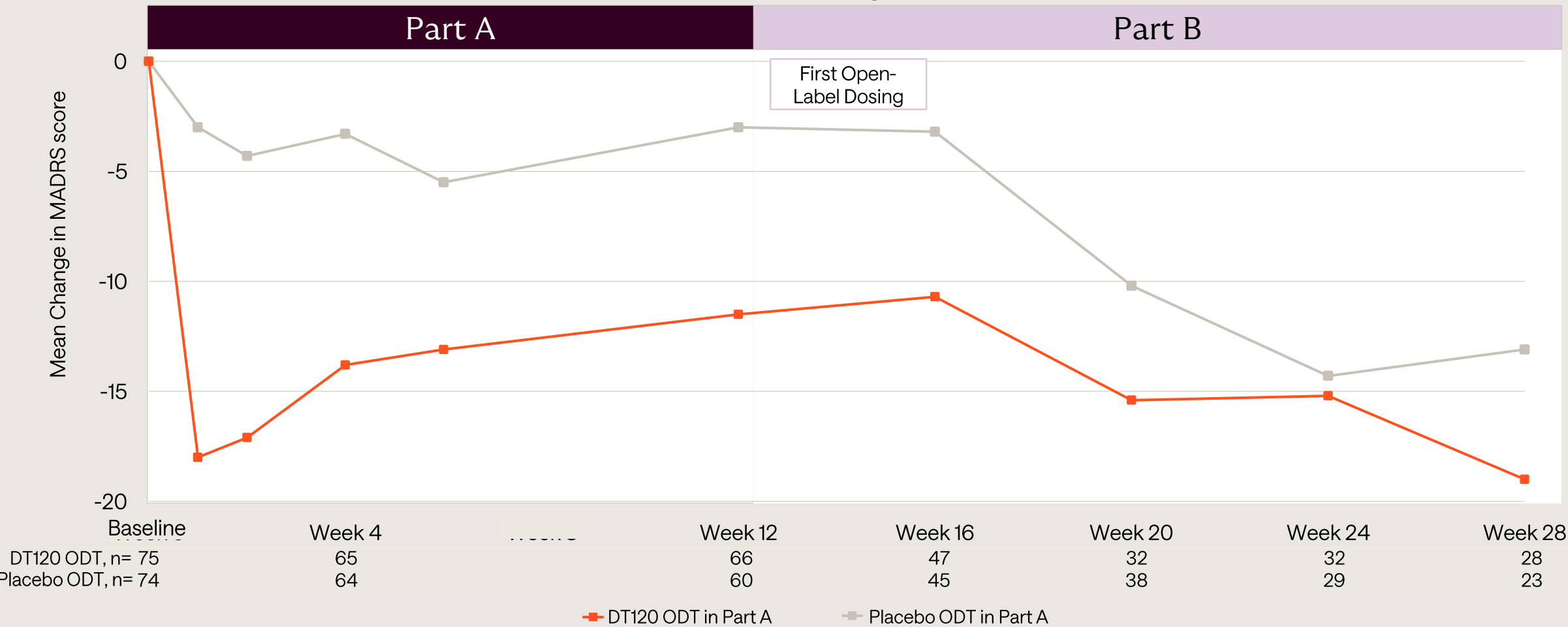
1. Based on interim analysis as of May 21, 2026. ITT Part A+B population. Interim analysis based on partial data and subject to change.

2. Only includes participants who received DT120 ODT in Part A.

3. n is the number of participants in the Extension population who had the specified number of doses up to the corresponding visit.

Emerge - MADRS Scores Improve Further with Additional Treatments in Part B

MADRS Scores through Week 28^{1,2}



1. Based on interim analysis as of May 21, 2026. ITT Part A+B population. Interim analysis based on partial data and subject to change.
2. Source: Emerge study documents. ITT Part A+B population with treatment policy strategy.

LS Mean: least squares mean; MADRS: Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale; ODT: orally disintegrating tablet

05

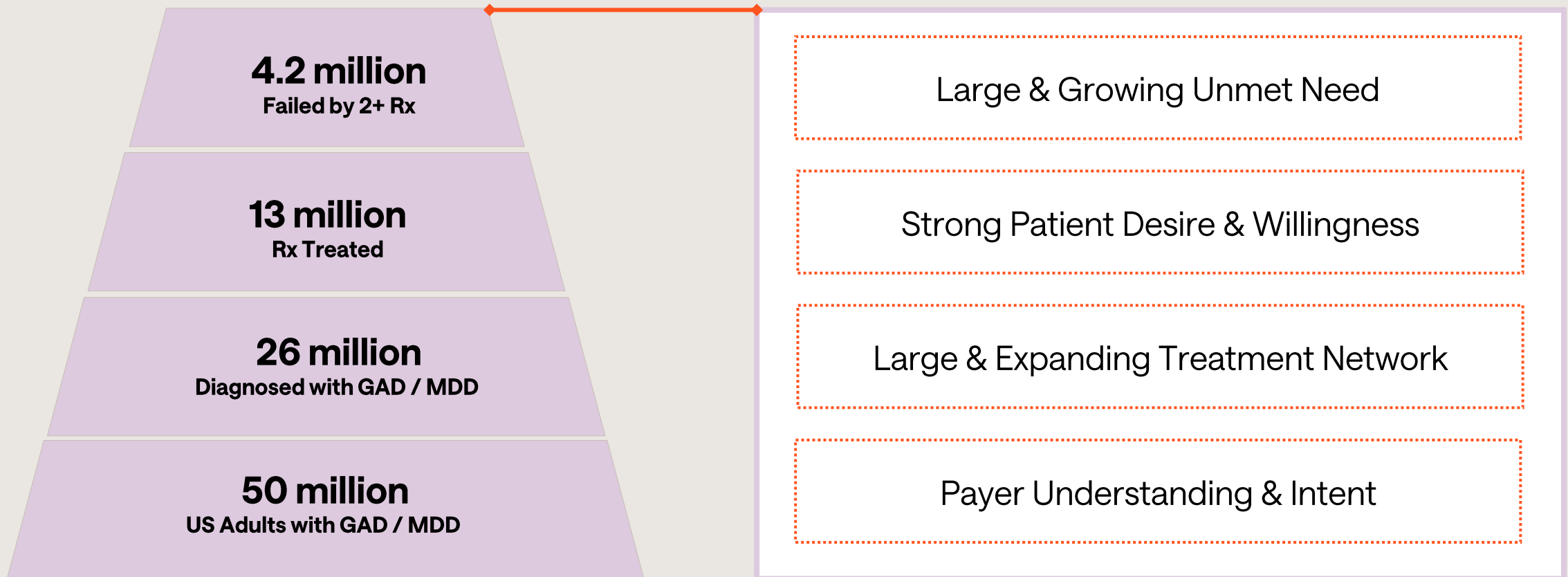
Commercial Framework

DT120 ODT

lysergide



The Near-Term Opportunity & Launch

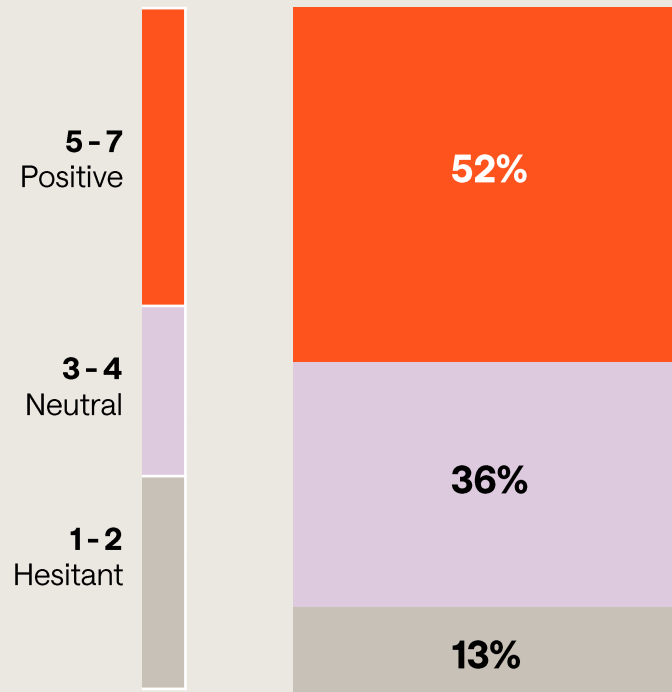


Source: Ringeisen, H., et al. (2023). Mental and Substance Use Disorders Prevalence Study (MDPS): Findings Report, Zhou, Y., Et al. (2017). Nature. Comorbid generalized anxiety disorder and its association with quality of life in patients with major depressive disorder. RTI International and current U.S. Census data and internal company estimates. Veeva COMPASS Open Claims Analysis Data on File, 2017 – 2025.

GAD: generalized anxiety disorder; MDD: major depressive disorder; Rx: prescription

Growing Psychiatrist Awareness and Positive Sentiment Support DT120 ODT Adoption Potential

Psychiatrist Perception of Psychedelic Treatments²



Psychiatrist Perception of DT120

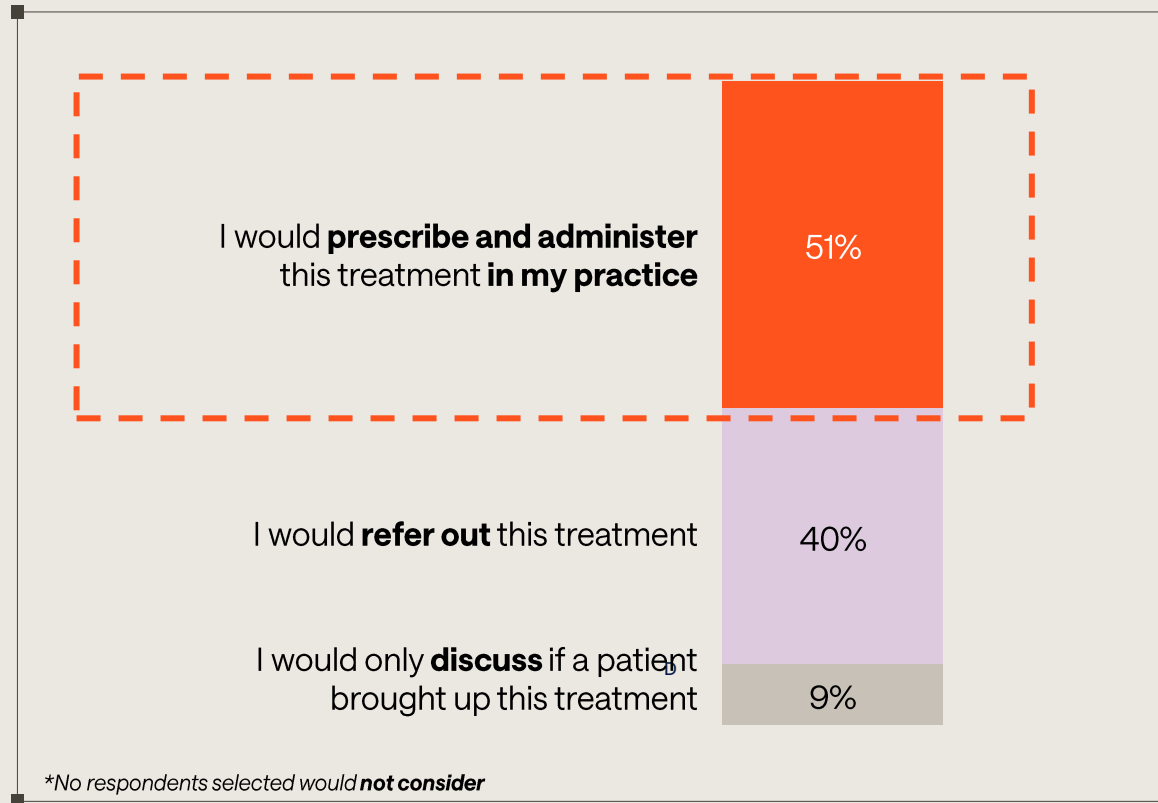
- 58% HCPs surveyed have positive views of DT120 profile¹
- HCPs cite quick onset of action, symptom resolution, response and MOA as top attributes¹
- Awareness of DT120 has sharply increased from 27% to 64% in the last two waves of research (2024 to 2026)²

1. GAD Demand Study 2024 Among Total HCP Respondents (n=273). Percentage based on top 3 box (scale 1-7)

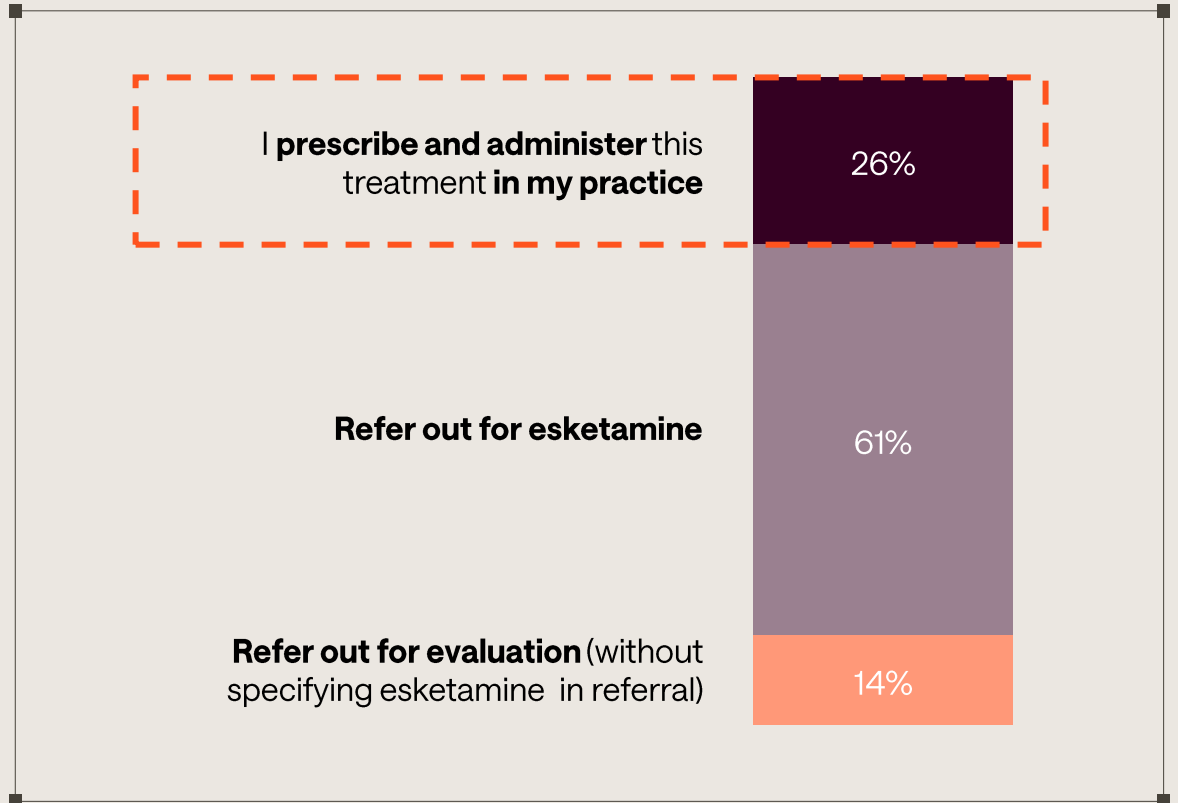
2. DT120 Awareness and Perception Tracking: Wave 3, 2026. Total prescribers (n=135).

Strong In-Practice Intent Among High-Priority HCPs

DT120 ODT¹



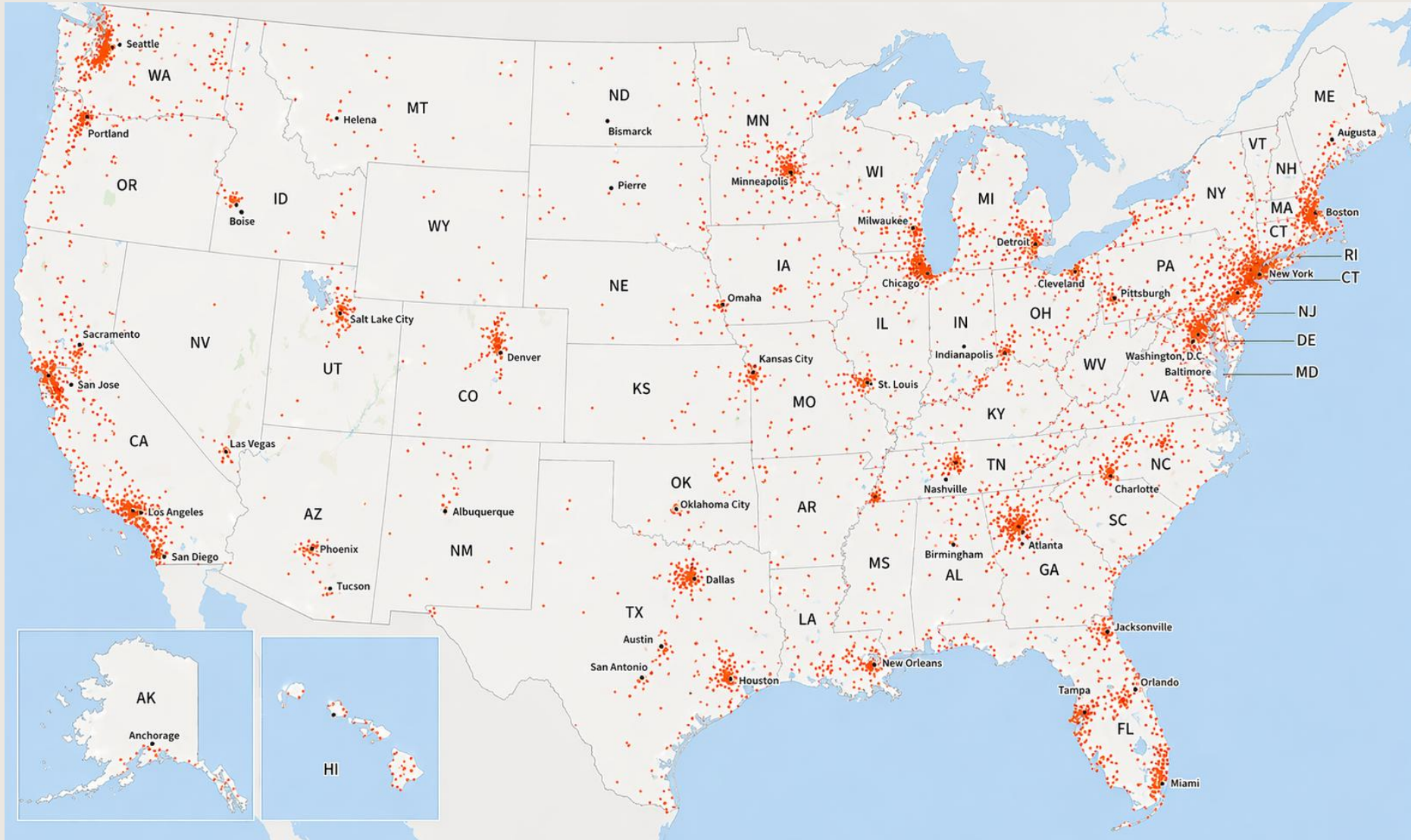
Esketamine¹



1. GAD Target Validation Market Research, 2025. High-priority HCPs represent deciles 7-10 of GAD prescribers. In the conduct of market research, DT120 was blinded as "Treatment X" to respondents.

ODT: orally disintegrating tablet

Predictive Analytics Help Focus Resources Where Adoption Potential Is Highest



● Priority GAD & MDD Prescribers

Modest Adoption Yields Significant Opportunity Given Large and Growing Delivery Ecosystem

2

patients per month

24

patients per year

~4,000

interventional
psychiatry clinics¹

100K

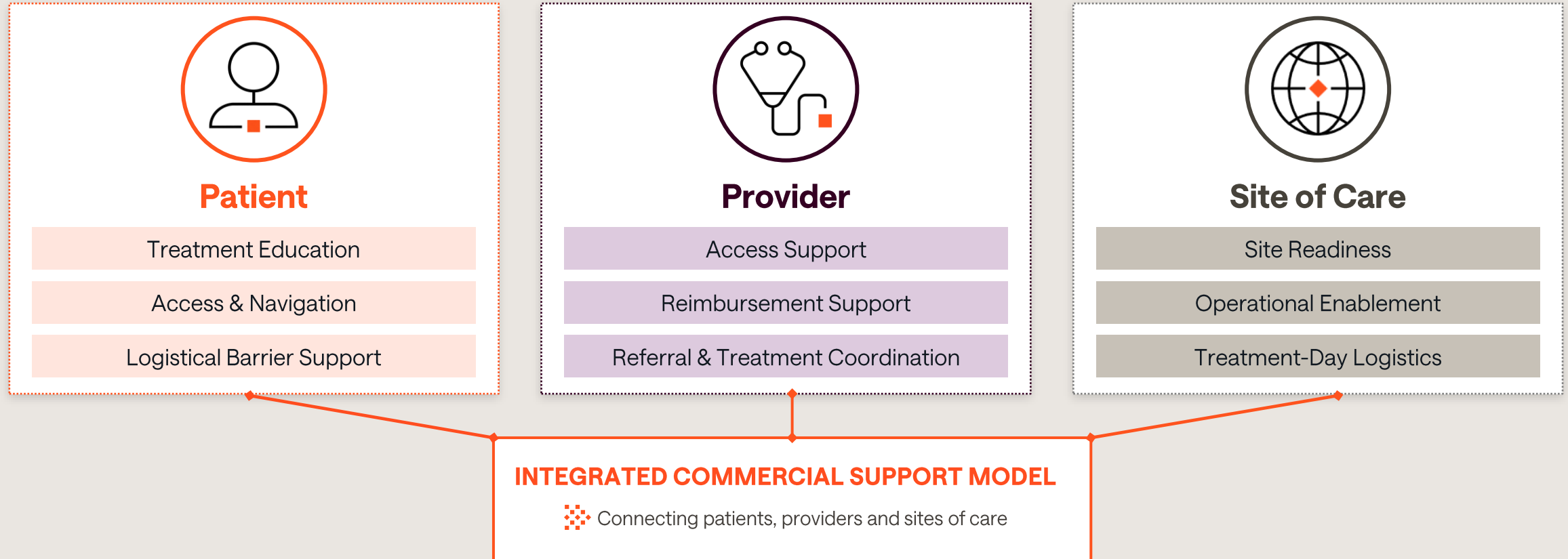
patients treated

\$5B

Potential Gross
Revenue Opportunity²

1. Represents approximately half of estimated number of sites in the Spravato® REMS program. <https://www.spravatohcp.com/find/treatment-center/>
2. Assumes midpoint of surrogate pricing range for Spravato®. The price of DT120 ODT has not been established.

Core Focus to Enable Commercial Impact & Success



We are committed to delivering the best patient and provider experience to maximize impact

05

Program Overview

R(-)-MDMA DT402



DT402 Phase 2a Study in Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD)



Completed Phase 1 study in 2024

- Single-ascending dose study in healthy adult volunteers characterized the tolerability, pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of DT402
- DT402 was well-tolerated at doses up to 255 mg with no SAEs or TEAEs leading to discontinuation, supporting advancement into Phase 2 clinical trials



Phase 2a study underway

- Single-dose, open-label study to assess early signals of efficacy of DT402 in treating core social and communication symptoms of ASD in up to 20 adult participants
- Study endpoints designed to characterize pharmacodynamics and clinical effects of DT402 in adults with ASD, including on multiple functional biomarkers
- Initial data anticipated in 4Q 2026



About ASD

- ASD is a neurodevelopmental condition characterized by persistent challenges with social communication, restricted interests and repetitive behavior
- US prevalence of approximately 1 in 31 children¹ with no approved pharmacotherapies for the treatment of core symptoms of ASD

1. Shaw KA, Williams S, Patrick ME, et al. Prevalence and Early Identification of Autism Spectrum Disorder Among Children Aged 4 and 8 Years — Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring Network, 16 Sites, United States, 2022. MMWR Surveill Summ 2025;74(No. SS-2):1–22. DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.15585/mmwr.ss7402a1>

06

Summary



Building a Psychiatry Powerhouse with Two Distinct Drivers¹

Clinical & Regulatory Execution

★
Positive Emerge
Topline Data

★
Positive Voyage
Topline Data

★
Panorama TLR
Topline Data

◆
Initial DT402 Data
in ASD
2026

◆
NDA for
DT120 ODT

◆
Ascend TLR

Value Creation

Optimizing Patient
Care Model

Expanding Site of Care
Engagement &
Commercial Footprint

Accelerating
Scheduling &
Reimbursement

◆
**Commercial Launch
GAD & MDD**

Commercial Execution

1. Timing estimates subject to clinical progress and regulatory interactions.

ASD: autism spectrum disorder; GAD: generalized anxiety disorder; MDD: major depressive disorder; ODT: orally disintegrating tablet; TLR: topline data readout

Financial Summary & Anticipated Milestones

Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments

~\$1.1 billion

as of June 30, 2026

Credit Facility

Up to \$120 million

(\$36.5 million outstanding)

as of June 30, 2026

Shares Outstanding

134.4 million¹

as of July 30, 2026

Second Quarter 2026 Operating Expenses

\$75.1 million

- R&D - \$48.7 million
- G&A - \$26.4 million

1. Excludes 0.4 million pre-funded warrants outstanding as of July 30, 2026

ASD: autism spectrum disorder; GAD: generalized anxiety disorder; G&A: general & administrative; MDD: major depressive disorder; R&D: research and development

2026 – Recent Completed Milestones



Emerge (MDD)

Positive Topline Data | June 2026



Voyage (GAD)

Positive Topline Data | Aug 2026



Panorama (GAD)

Positive Topline Data | Sept 2026



MDD

BTD | Sept 2026

2026 – Anticipated Milestones



DT120 NDA

Pre-NDA Meeting | 4Q 2026



DT402

Initial Data in ASD / 4Q 2026

2027 – Anticipated Milestones



DT120 NDA

Filing | 1H 2027



DT120 Commercial Day

Event | 1H 2027



DT120 Ascend (MDD)

Topline Readout | 2027



DT120 Haven (PTSD)

Study Initiation | 2027



Precise science. Boundless impact.

A

Appendix

Clinical Outcome Assessments in GAD and MDD

Hamilton Anxiety Scale (HAM-A)¹

Range: 0-56

- | |
|---|
| 1. Anxious mood – worry, fear |
| 2. Tension – restlessness, inability to relax |
| 3. Fears – of dark, strangers, being alone, etc. |
| 4. Insomnia |
| 5. Intellectual – concentration, memory |
| 6. Depressed Mood |
| 7. Somatic (muscular) – aches, twitching |
| 8. Somatic (sensory) – tinnitus, blurred vision |
| 9. Cardiovascular symptoms – palpitations, chest pain |
| 10. Respiratory symptoms – shortness of breath |
| 11. Gastrointestinal symptoms – nausea, cramps |
| 12. Genitourinary symptoms – frequency, libido changes |
| 13. Autonomic symptoms – dry mouth, sweating |
| 14. Behavior during interview – fidgeting, restlessness |

Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS)²

Range: 0-60

- | |
|----------------------------------|
| 1. Apparent sadness |
| 2. Reported sadness |
| 3. Inner Tension |
| 4. Reduced Sleep |
| 5. Reduced Appetite |
| 6. Concentration Difficulties |
| 7. Lassitude |
| 8. Inability to Feel (Anhedonia) |
| 9. Pessimistic Thoughts |
| 10. Suicidal Thoughts |

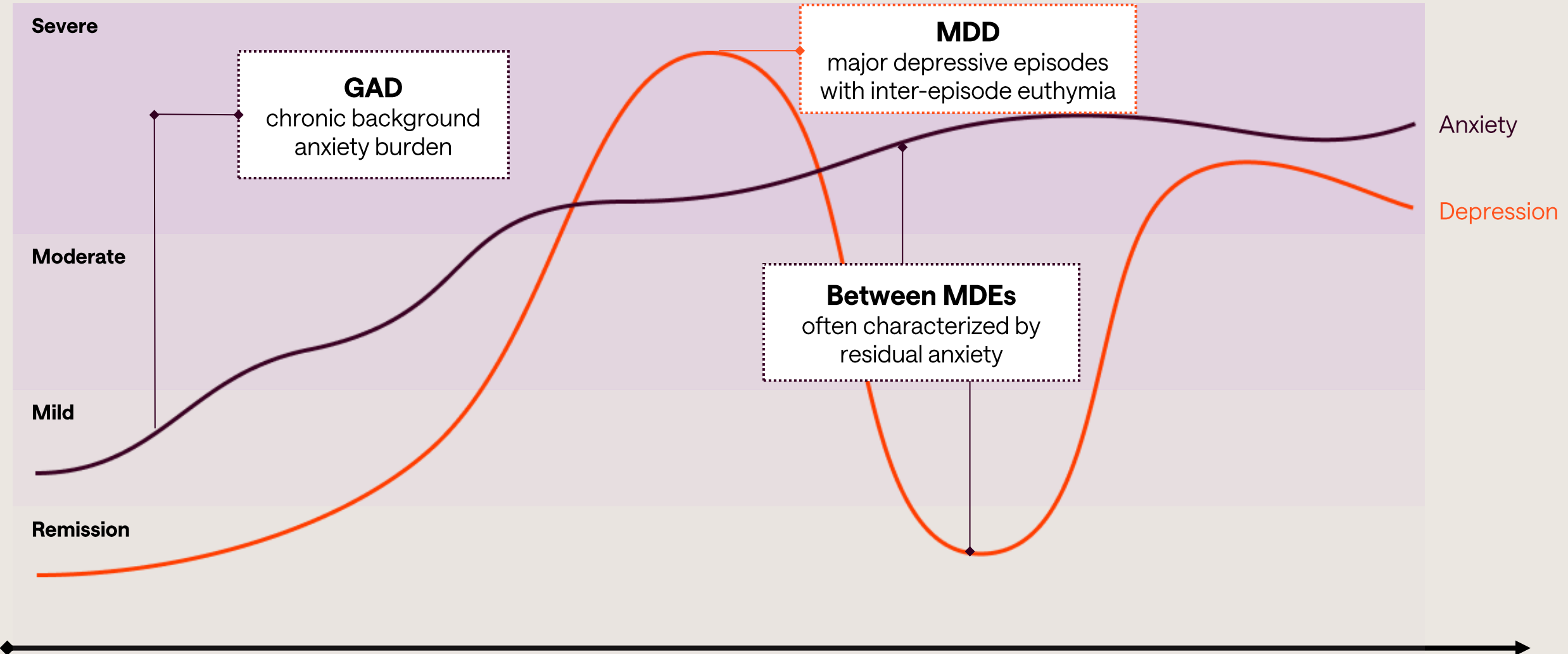
Psychological effects

Physical effects

1. Source: Hamilton M. The assessment of anxiety states by rating. Br J Med Psychol 1959; 32:50–55.

2. Source: Montgomery, S. A., & Åsberg, M. (1979). A new depression scale designed to be sensitive to change. British Journal of Psychiatry, 134(4), 382–389.

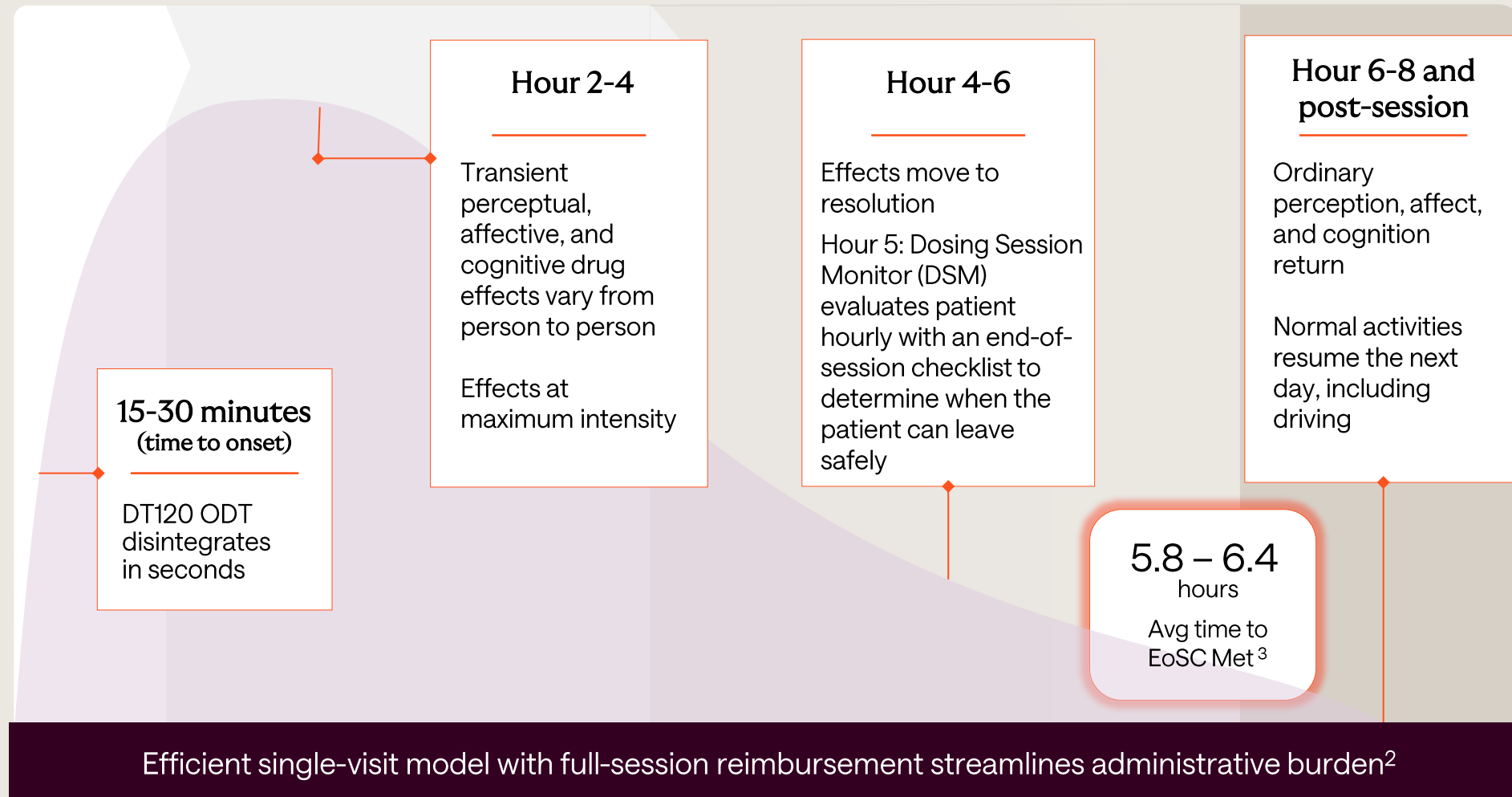
Interplay Between GAD & MDD Highlights Opportunity for a Dual Intervention¹



1. Conceptual illustration of disease progression in comorbid GAD and MDD.

GAD: generalized anxiety disorder; MDD: major depressive disorder; MDE: major depressive episode

Clinical Dosing Paradigm with Potential Translatability to Efficient Real-World Delivery^{1,2}



1. Dosing and monitoring paradigm based on Phase 3 clinical protocols. Required monitoring period for all participants in pivotal studies is 8 hours and requires that participants clear the End of Session Checklist.

2. Existing coding systems could potentially be applied or be changed for DT120. Reimbursement and coding for DT120 have yet to be established.

3. Average time to EoSC was 5.8 hours in the Emerge study (Part A), 6.4 hours in the Voyage study (Part A), and 6.2 hours in the Panorama study (Part A).